



UNITED NATIONS  
PHILIPPINES



## Philippines 2024-2028 United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework

# UN Philippines Joint Workplan (2025)

This UN Joint Workplan (JWP) outlines the UN Country Team's focus during the second year (2025) of implementation of the 2024-2028 United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (CF). The UN continues to build on system-wide partnerships to leverage financial resources, localize SDGs, and harness the full potential of the whole ecosystem of actors through a systems-thinking lens for SDG acceleration. It continues holistically supporting the country with accelerating progress towards SDGs as it transitions to upper middle-income status, including through showcasing Philippines leadership in the region and best practices, and support for and commitment to multilateralism.

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## 1. Country Context

As the Philippines continues its journey to upper middle-income status, the country has demonstrated notable progress and faced persistent challenges in achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG). The Philippines SDG Pace of Progress results, based on the Anticipated Progress Index as of January 2023, show that, out of 42 targets with sufficient data, 16.7 per cent (7 targets) are on track, 42.9 per cent (18 targets) need acceleration and 40.5 per cent (17 targets) regressed.

Overall poverty reduction efforts have made headway, as data released in 2024 reported a decrease in national poverty incidence among Filipino families to 10.9 per cent in 2023 from 13.2 per cent in 2021. Yet, 11 out of 17 of regions still experience higher levels of poverty, with three regions posting poverty incidence rates twice the national level. Gross domestic product grew year-on-year by 5.6 per cent in 2024, better than most regional peers, but below targets for the second year in a row.

Prevalence of food insecurity remains high, even as the proportion of Filipino families who were classified as food-poor declined to 2.7 per cent of households in 2023. Learning poverty continues to affect 90 per cent of Filipino children, and the growth in HIV cases is highest among Asia Pacific countries. The Filipino workforce still faces persistent employment challenges, decent work deficits and heightened risks in a rapidly evolving labour market amid socioeconomic transformations, particularly among vulnerable groups.

The Philippines registered the highest World Risk Index for the third consecutive year in 2024. The country experienced one of the most intense El Niño episodes in nearly half a century, resulting in agricultural losses estimated at PHP 15.3 billion (\$267.2 million) by August 2024, followed by a succession of six typhoons in late 2024 resulting in major climate-related disasters.

As the Supreme Court upheld the constitutionality of the Bangsamoro Organic Law in September 2024, it also ruled to exclude Sulu province from the BARMM. This decision has implications for the peace process as the decision has led to the postponement of BARMM regional elections and may delay the implementation of the normalization process, at it also added to the complexities of administrative arrangements in a region with nascent service delivery systems but high expectations to demonstrate peace dividend. Nevertheless, BARMM remains on a positive trajectory supported by improvements in multiple developmental indicators.

There are clear opportunities to move the needle on progress on the SDGs in the short term given the leadership and commitment demonstrated by the government. Addressing the interconnected issues outlined above requires comprehensive, multisectoral policies and investments to achieve inclusive and sustainable development.

The 2025 Joint Workplan, which remains a living document, is a consolidated UN Philippines effort in that regard. It recognizes the importance for the UN development system to contribute to providing accelerated support to key transitions of the Philippines, focusing on innovation, financing and green economy as the country transitions to the upper-middle income economy, while sustaining underlying focus and investments in human capital.

## 2. Workplan Summary

### 2.1 About the Workplan

The UN Joint Workplan (JWP) operationalizes the Philippines 2024-2028 United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (CF), the key strategic document that guides the work of UN development system entities in the Philippines as agreed by the United Nations and the Government.

The JWP Summary Document consolidates all currently planned and undertaken interventions by 24 UN entities in the Philippines that are signatories of the CF as of 28 February 2025 – i.e. current “UN portfolio”. All UN entities are expected to derive the strategic objectives of their programming instrument from the CF. (See Annex 7.1 for SDCF derivation status of most recent entity programming instruments.)<sup>1</sup>

The three CF *outcomes* and 14 CF *outputs* are implemented through 234 active *sub-outputs* – i.e. the sum of activities, projects, and programmes that contribute to CF Outputs and Outcomes – as planned by UN entities through their ongoing and pipeline interventions, projects, or programmes. Compared to 2024 JWP, 10 sub-outputs were concluded (implementation ended); two discontinued/cancelled; and/or 16 added; and 188 updated. (See Annex 7.2 for List of sub-outputs.)

The changes in the 2025 JWP (compared to 2024) may be reflected as additional or removed sub-outputs; or as modification of existing sub-outputs (additional resources, incorporating new/additional activities/interventions, changes in location, updates in description etc.).

The changes have been triggered by the availability of new or discontinuation of existing resources; conclusion of new agreements with the Government; incorporation of feedback and Government priorities received through the CF Joint Steering Committee, Joint Results Groups, NEDA or other government departments; adoption of new implementation approaches and modalities; and other reasons. (See Annex 7.3 for GPH Feedback Monitoring Tool.)

Attempts are ongoing to link the JWP with the applicable Government-led databases and tools for tracking Official Development Assistance and other support to the Philippines.<sup>2</sup>

### 2.2 Duration and monitoring

The Workplan document is updated at least annually, but its duration goes beyond one year, which reflects the work of the UN development system in the Philippines as accurately, transparently and accountably as possible at the time of revision. All UN entities’ activities for development in the country are expected to *derive* from the CF, but their individual planning frameworks of entities differ in form and duration. The timeline for some is, as recommended, fully aligned with the CF, while some others adopt annual or bi-annual planning cycles and/or include activities that are planned, financed,

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<sup>1</sup> On 24 October 2023, twenty-four UN entities signed the CF: FAO, IFAD, ILO, IOM, ITC, ITU, OHCHR, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNDRR, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNHABITAT, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNICRI, UNIDO, UNOCT, UNODC, UNOPS, UN Women, WFP, WHO. Other entities, including those providing operational and coordination support, include UNDSS, UNIC/DGC, UN-OCHA, UN-RCO/DCO and UN-ESCAP.

<sup>2</sup> NEDA ODA database; MinDA database; BPDA database.

and managed at regional and global levels. Additional activities may be included in the JWP throughout the year – within the existing sub-outputs or as new sub-outputs. For overview of current UN-entity planning frameworks, see Annex 7.1.

All data is available and is reflected in real-time through UN-INFO – the United Nations’ corporate database and portal that showcases information on UN teams’ work for the Sustainable Development Goals in 162 countries and territories. Links to access UN-INFO:

- UN Philippines **programming** data <https://uninfo.org/v1/location/88/programming>
- UN Philippines **funding** data <https://uninfo.org/v1/location/88/funding>

JWP implementation is monitored annually through UN-INFO as the standard UN corporate tool for operational-level monitoring of CF implementation, with results and data publicly available and featured in the UN country annual results report. Monitoring is conducted at the Outcome level (against the CF Results Framework) and at the Output level (measuring UN contribution towards achieving the agreed results, through UN-INFO).

### 3. Outcome 1: Human capital development, inclusion, and resilience building



#### 3.1 Overview table<sup>3</sup>

in US\$ millions

STRATEGIC PRIORITY 1: Human capital development, inclusion, and resilience building						
Outcome 1	By 2028, all people, especially those at risk of being left behind, have increased resilience to economic, climatic, disaster, and public health risk through improved, equitable, and gender-responsive access to and utilization of quality social services, social protection, healthy habitat, enhanced good governance and peace.					
Contributing entities	FAO, ILO, IOM, ITU, OHCHR, UNAIDS, UNDP, UNESCO, <b>UNFPA</b> , UN-Habitat, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNICRI, UNOCT, <b>UNODC</b> , UNOPS, UN Women, WFP, WHO					
Government partners	DA, DBM, DepEd, DOF, DENR, DFA, DHSUD, DILG, DICT, DMW, DOH, DOJ, DOST, DOTr, DSWD, HTAC, OPAPRU, BARMM (MoH, MAFAR, MILG, MIPA, MBHTE, MSSD, BPDA, BWC), PhilHealth, PSA, ATC, BJMP, BuCor, CHR, NYC, NAPOLCOM, NCIP, NCSC, NEDA, NNC, PNP, SEC, TESDA					
Contributing partners	ADB, Australia, Canada, Core UN funding, EU, Finland, France, GAVI, GCF, Ireland, Japan, national committees, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, OPEC, PBF, Philippines, private foundations, R. of Korea, Spain, Switzerland, The Philippines, UK, USA					
Funding by output	Funding required		Funding available		To be mobilized	
	2025	2024-2028	2025	2024-2028	2025	2025-2028
Output 1.1	\$32.93	\$131.29	\$15.66	\$55.36	\$17.26	\$65.84
Output 1.2	\$16.53	\$46.73	\$14.18	\$21.29	\$2.36	\$15.35
Output 1.3	\$8.78	\$43.15	\$2.51	\$10.39	\$6.27	\$28.41
Output 1.4	\$20.63	\$76.79	\$11.10	\$30.20	\$9.53	\$39.37
Output 1.5	\$0.95	\$18.52	\$0.00	\$0.42	\$0.95	\$18.10
Output 1.6	\$15.20	\$46.33	\$8.23	\$24.90	\$6.97	\$19.92
Output 1.7	\$21.28	\$42.56	\$9.11	\$23.11	\$12.16	\$16.05
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED</b>	<b>\$116.31</b>	<b>\$405.37</b>	<b>\$60.81</b>	<b>\$165.67</b>	<b>\$55.50</b>	<b>\$203.05</b>

#### 3.2 Summary of interventions

Outcome 1 is the largest CF outcome. It focuses on human capital development, inclusion, institutional strengthening, and resilience building. UN is deeply committed to fostering holistic development and resilience across all segments of society. Through a comprehensive approach, the UN aims to address key challenges and uplift communities that face vulnerabilities, ensuring that **no one is left behind**.

Output 1.1 prioritizes **advancing universal health care** to improve health outcomes for all people in the Philippines, including GBV survivors and those living with HIV. immunization, maternal and child health/PHC including community-based services.

Complementing earlier activities and priorities, new areas of work in 2025 include further expanding access to sexual and reproductive health and gender-based violence prevention and response services in BARMM and Region V, risks of climate change and environmental pollutions on vulnerable populations.

<sup>3</sup> For detailed sub-outputs of UN entities under each Outcome, please refer to the Annex 7.2. All data as of 12 March 2025.

Output 1.2 focuses on **food security and nutrition**. Complementing earlier activities and priorities, the work in 2025 expands focus on empowering agricultural extension workers and communities, enhancing nutrition surveillance and emergency response systems, and building leadership and governance capacity in municipalities to improve nutrition program implementation.

Output 1.3 focuses on **expanding access to quality education and learning from early childhood to adulthood** (including CSE) for everyone, particularly for vulnerable groups. Complementing earlier activities and priorities, our transformative work and new initiatives for 2025 aim to expand efforts, enhance policy and technical support, and strengthen institutional capacity and advocacy to ensure a meaningful impact on education and health systems. We will provide enhanced multi-sectoral support for early childhood care and development, as well as learner wellbeing. Additionally, we will support the strengthening of emergency preparedness and disaster risk reduction (DRR) in education, contributing to the continuity of education even in challenging circumstances.

Output 1.4 focuses **on the enhancement of social and child protection systems towards integration and ensuring progressive universal coverage**.

Complementing earlier activities and priorities, the work in 2025 the focus on strengthening the national social protection system and implementing the Social Protection Floor (SPF) and its financing as well as modelling the Child Protection System. This includes developing an integrated policy framework, an adaptive, shock-responsive action plan, and conducting an SPF costing and fiscal space analysis in partnership with key government agencies.

Output 1.5 prioritizes a **sustainable and resilient environment** where all people, particularly vulnerable communities, have access to **improved ecosystem services, housing, and a network of open and green spaces**.

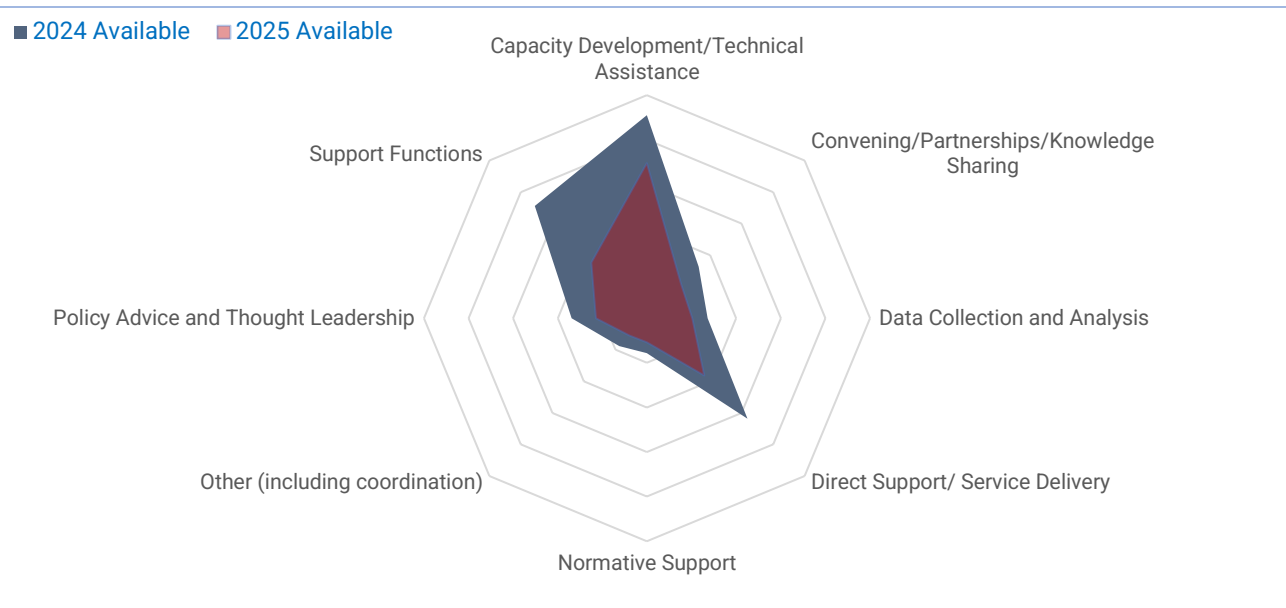
Output 1.6 supports **interventions that promote rights-based approaches to institutional strengthening and service provision** at the national and local levels to effectively address the needs of communities, enhance gender equality, uphold fundamental rights, accountability and the rule of law, address crime and terrorism and make governance more transparent and accountable at the local and national levels.

Complementing earlier activities and priorities, the additional work in 2025 will, subject to the availability of funding, also focus on supporting police transformation and rights-based policing, providing technical support to government agencies and law enforcement academies; transparency/anti-corruption and enhanced public finance management reform; and prison overcrowding and reform, drug policy reform and enhancing the capacities to address cybercrime.

Output 1.7 promotes pathways to **peaceful, stable, and resilient societies** by supporting the government and relevant stakeholders in implementing **formal peace agreements**, delivering **peace dividends to conflict-affected communities**, strengthening **prevention**, and promoting **inclusive peacebuilding** processes that **leave no one behind (LNOB)** through policies, programmes and institution-strengthening to **address the root causes of fragility**.

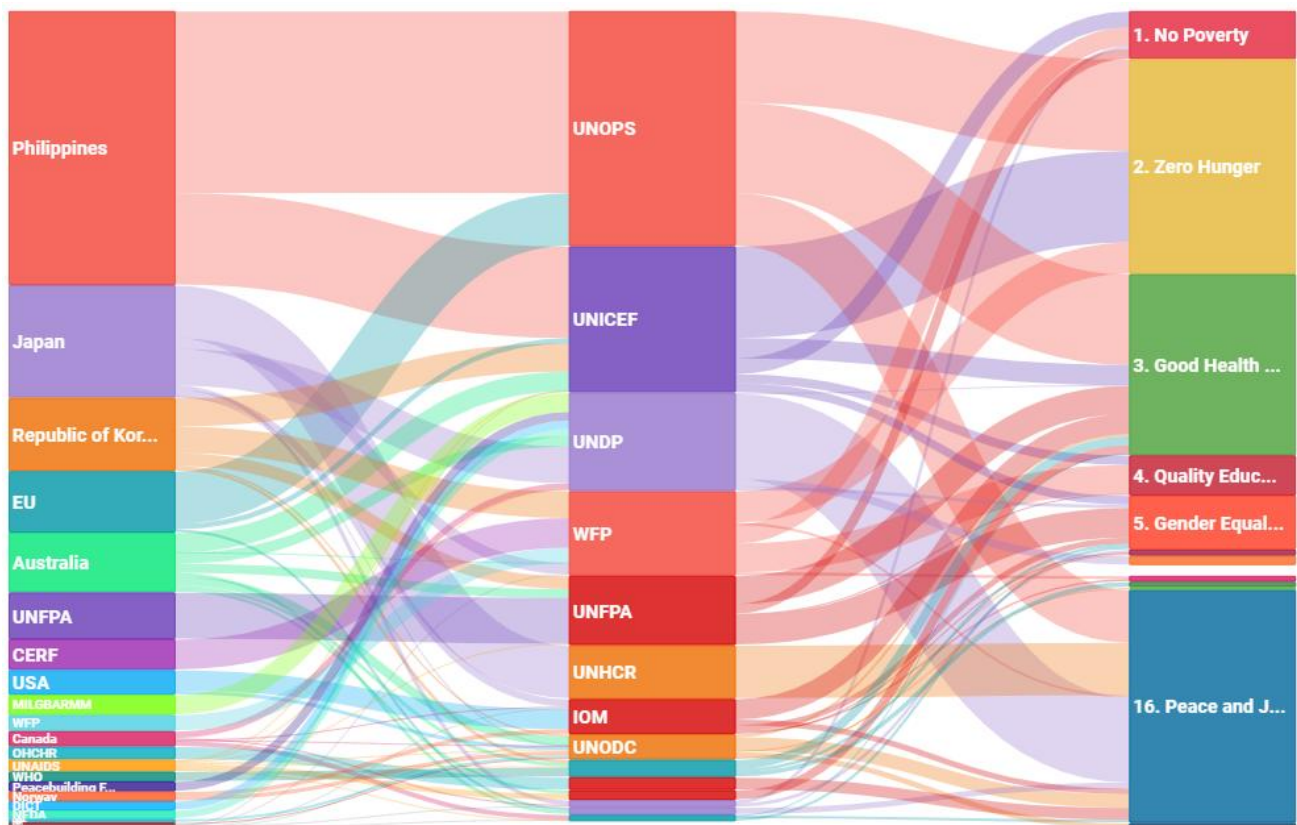
### [1] Outcome 1 - QCPR function, 2024 vs 2025

*In 2025, resources allocated for Outcome 1 will be geared towards capacity development/ technical assistance (30%), direct support/ service delivery (16%), support functions (15%), policy advice and thought leadership (10%) and convening/partnerships/ knowledge sharing (10%).*



### [2] Outcome 1 resource flows (2025): leveraging investments to advance SDGs

Source: UN-INFO





## 4. Outcome 2: Sustainable economic development, decent work, and innovation



### 4.1 Overview table

in US\$ millions

STRATEGIC PRIORITY 2: Sustainable economic development, decent work, and innovation						
Outcome 2	By 2028, all people, benefit from a more integrated, innovative, inclusive, and sustainable economy that generates decent work and livelihood opportunities.					
Contributing entities	FAO, IFAD <sup>4</sup> , ILO, IOM, ITC, ITU, UNDP, UNHCR, UNIDO, UNOPS, WFP, UN Women					
Government partners	DOLE, DTI, DA, DICT, DENR, DOTr, PSA, SEC, NAPC, NEDA					
Contributing partners	Canada, Core UN funding, EU, GEF, Ireland, Japan, New Zealand, private foundations, Switzerland, the Philippines, UK, USA, VI					
Funding by output	Funding required		Funding available		To be mobilized	
	2025	2024-2028	2025	2024-2028	2025	2025-2028
Output 2.1	\$12.38	\$41.74	\$3.28	\$18.46	\$9.10	\$20.38
Output 2.2	\$30.39	\$56.47	\$23.91	\$42.15	\$6.48	\$13.48
Output 2.3	\$0.92	\$3.26	\$0.84	\$2.13	\$0.08	\$0.14
Output 2.4	\$7.09	\$18.90	\$1.83	\$9.08	\$5.25	\$10.52
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED</b>	<b>\$50.78</b>	<b>\$120.37</b>	<b>\$29.87</b>	<b>\$71.81</b>	<b>\$20.91</b>	<b>\$44.52</b>

### 4.2 Summary of interventions

Under Outcome 2, the UN in the Philippines, in collaboration with various stakeholders, is pursuing a comprehensive set of interventions aimed at fostering integrated, inclusive, innovative, and sustainable economic growth through decent work. Interventions seek to address key challenges and opportunities across multiple sectors, which include digitalization and innovation, trade, enterprise development, livelihood support, investments, future of work, institutional capacity building, systems change, labour rights, formalization, and migration, to name a few.

Output 2.1 interventions **focus on increasing the capacities of the government and private sector to foster sustainable enterprise growth boost business competitiveness and facilitate the participation of enterprises in global value chains.**

Complementing earlier activities and priorities, in 2025 the UN will broaden its efforts to enhance the digital capabilities of MSMEs and entrepreneurs by improving access to digital services and support. Additionally, the UN will advocate for a gender-responsive and supportive policy and regulatory environment to facilitate MSME digitalization; enhanced information and evidence generation systems on agriculture, forestry and fisheries production sectors and value chains; and further support the development of national and local innovation and investment plans to boost the agri-fisheries industries.

Output 2.2 interventions focus on **mobilizing investments and enhancing equal access to financing for sustainable, integrated, resilient, and modern infrastructure and economic sectors.**

<sup>4</sup> IFAD financing is structured as a loan to the government and should not be construed as an Official Development Assistance (ODA) grant.



Adding on to earlier activities and priorities, the 2025 work will also include support to financing strategy to facilitate decent employment creation, Program Convergence Budgeting, Climate Financing, and SDG Reporting. Additionally, support will be extended to national innovation and investment plans for aquaculture transformation and modernization through stimulating innovation, encouraging investment, and building partnerships. These initiatives aim to enhance the sustainability, productivity, and economic contributions of the aquaculture sector while addressing environmental impacts and market competitiveness. Furthermore, the UN will facilitate productive dialogue between Transport Service Entities (TSEs) and lending institutions, effectively bridging the financing gap in the e-mobility sector.

Output 2.3 interventions focus on **technical advice, capacity building, data analysis, and partnerships to support the government in strengthening the workforce to adapt to the future of work where their rights are protected, and they are provided with safe working environments.**

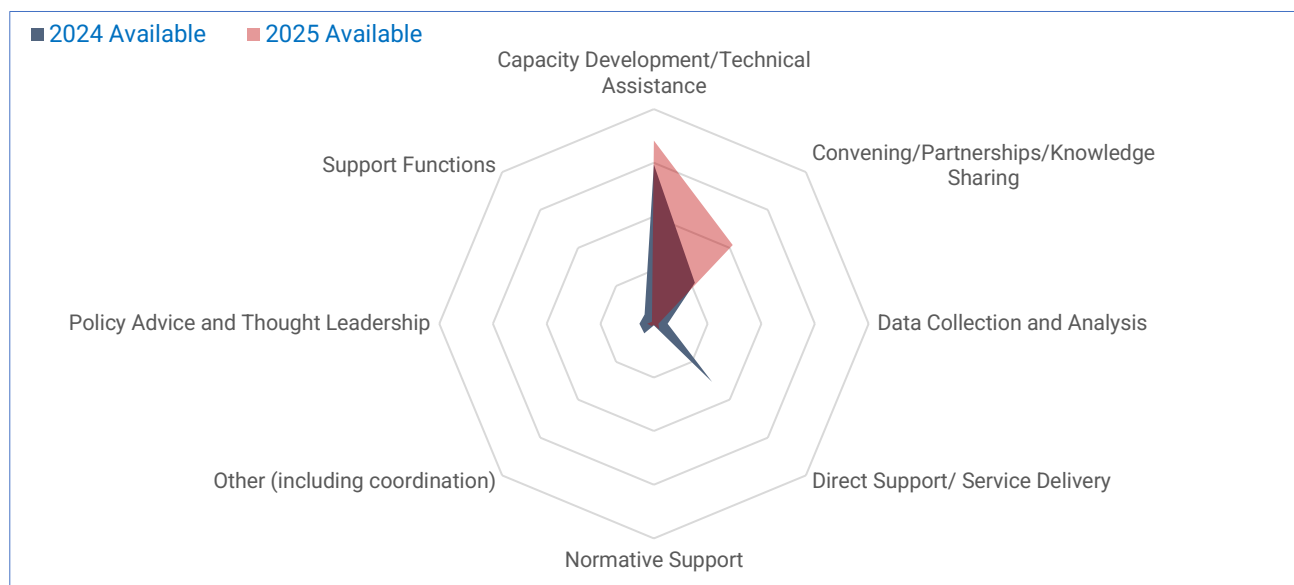
The work will be enhanced in 2025 with the finalization of the Global Accelerator Roadmap for the construction and transport sectors, and support with development of an incentive system for foreign employers and quality management system guidelines for private recruitment agencies, and capacity building on wastes management for authorized treatment, storage, and disposal (TSD) facilities including analysis of Health Care Waste (HCW) management technologies.

Output 2.4 focuses on interventions to **ensure an enabling, rights-based, inclusive environment that will tackle inequalities and promote equal opportunities.**

In addition to the existing work, activities in 2025 will continue to support the implementation of newly ratified international labour standards, ensuring they align with national laws and policies. UN will support engage with tripartite constituents in developing policies related to working conditions in the platform economy and strengthen their capacities on the living wage methodology and framework; and promote gender equality within the ESG agenda of private sector institutions and support the women's leadership innovation lab, focusing on increasing women's leadership and representation in senior management and board levels in the IT industry.

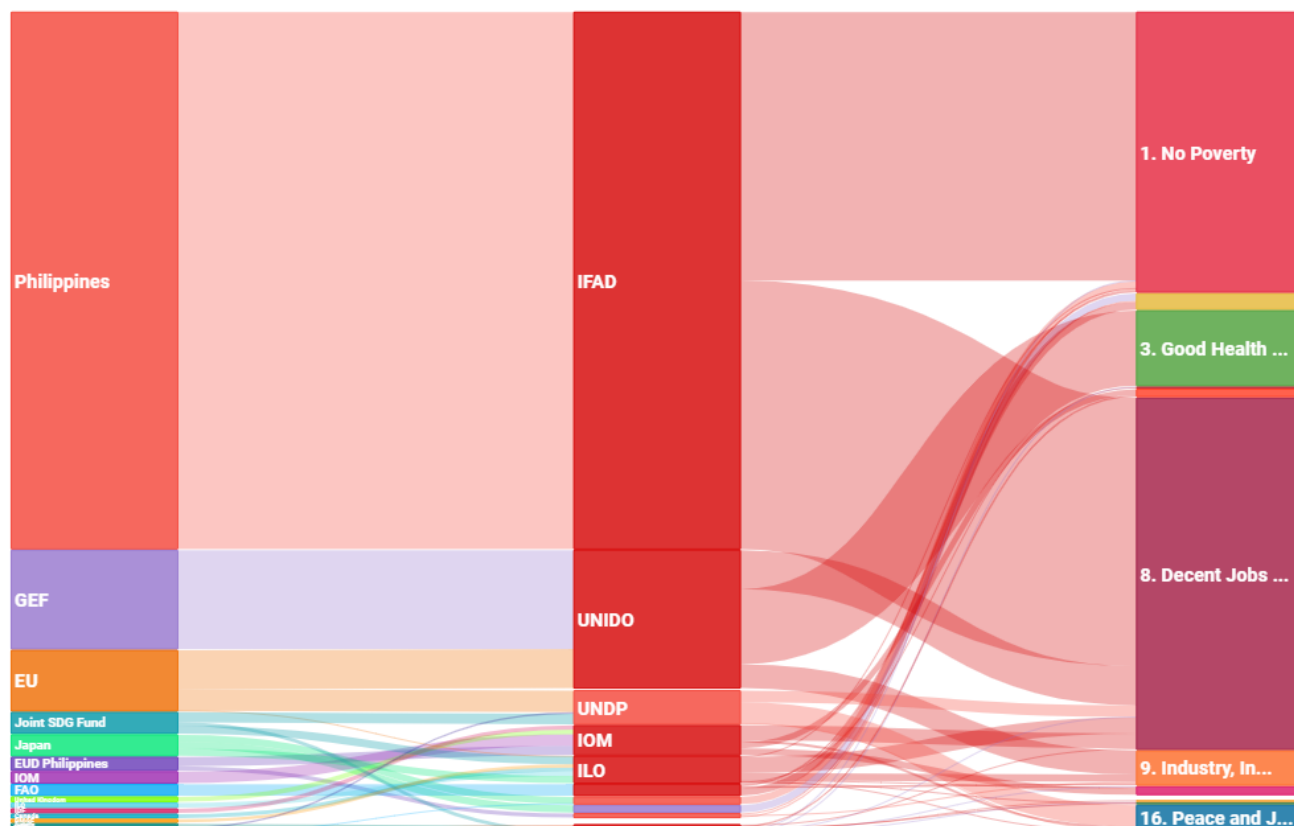
### [3] Outcome 2 –QCPR function, 2024 vs 2025

*In 2025, resource allocation shifted towards capacity development/technical assistance (57%, up from 34%) followed by convening / partnerships / knowledge sharing (35%).*



### [4] Outcome 2 resource flows (2025): leveraging investments to advance SDGs

Source: UN-INFO



## 5. Outcome 3: Climate action, environmental sustainability and disaster resilience



### 5.1 Overview table

in US\$ millions

STRATEGIC PRIORITY 3: Climate action, environmental sustainability and disaster-resilience						
Outcome 3	By 2028, all people benefit from just transition to low-carbon, climate-resilient development, sustainable management of environment, natural resources and biodiversity and strengthened resilience to disasters and natural hazards.					
Contributing entities	FAO, IFAD <sup>5</sup> , ILO, IOM, <b>UNDP</b> , UNDRR, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNICRI, UNIDO, UNOCT, UNOPS, UN-Habitat, UN Women, WFP, WHO					
Government partners	DENR, DOF, CCC, DOH, NYC, DILG, MILG, MENRE, NEDA, DepED, ECCD, DSWD, OCD, TESDA, DOE, DOST, MBHTE, BSP, SEC, NCIP					
Contributing partners	Australia, Canada, Core UN funding, EU, France, GCF, GEF, Germany, Ireland, Japan, Montreal Protocol, National committees, New Zealand, Private foundations, R. of Korea, Spain, Sweden, the Philippines, UK, USA, WEF					
Funding by output	Funding required		Funding available		To be mobilized	
	2025	2024-2028	2025	2024-2028	2025	2025-2028
Output 3.1	\$40.26	\$186.47	\$20.54	\$77.50	\$19.72	\$102.14
Output 3.2	\$13.89	\$49.93	\$11.75	\$42.23	\$2.15	\$6.75
Output 3.3	\$14.71	\$45.61	\$11.56	\$29.48	\$3.15	\$15.89
<b>TOTAL ESTIMATED</b>	<b>\$68.87</b>	<b>\$282.01</b>	<b>\$43.85</b>	<b>\$149.22</b>	<b>\$25.01</b>	<b>\$124.78</b>

### 5.2 Summary of interventions

Under Output 3.1, the UN supports **strengthening capacities for improved disaster risk reduction and management, climate-resilient water and sanitation systems, through evidence and risk-informed planning and implementation.**

Building on earlier work, in 2025, the UN will support the development of bankable proposals and strengthen the implementation of the Peoples' Survival Fund to improve access for local governments to adaptation and resilience investments. Efforts will also be made to strengthen science agencies to provide more granular and up-to-date climate and risk data to guide local government units (LGUs) in better planning and allocating investments. Additionally, there will be an analysis of the impacts of Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) on children and youth, along with initiatives for youth engagement, green skilling, and promoting social behaviour change for climate resilience. The UN will also focus on strengthening climate-resilient water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) systems and services through child-centred disaster response plans, public finance tracking, innovations through private sector engagement, and results-based monitoring systems using digital platforms. Further technical assistance will strengthen climate resilience and food security, urban resilience, and the integration of gender and social inclusion in resilient development. Moreover, significant work will be done on the holistic approach towards transforming Philippines' food systems to climate resilience and bring sustainable economic growth in rural communities through technical assistance and partnerships in support of climate-resilient agriculture, services, and policies. Support will also be provided to improve disaster and emergency preparedness, including supply chain resilience,

<sup>5</sup> IFAD financing is structured as a loan to the government and should not be construed as an Official Development Assistance (ODA) grant.

emergency telecommunications, and addressing chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear (CBRN) disaster risks.

Under Output 3.2, the UN **supports strengthening capacities for an inclusive and just transition towards low carbon society and circular economy including through leveraging blue/green/climate finance.**

Enhanced 2025 support will include collaboration for the updating of the NDC and support its implementation to achieve their targets and expand efforts to implement actions supporting green chemistry in the manufacturing sector to reduce toxic hazardous chemicals and short-lived climate pollutants. The UN will deepen its work in 20 local government units (LGUs) to implement key actions through investments, innovation, and behavioural change, including strengthening the participation of vulnerable and informal groups. Additionally, the work will expand to cover 11 more LGUs and broaden its reach through the Circular Economy Mayors' Fellowship Program. Further support will also be provided to enable a just energy transition, including through integrated policy measures and promotion of renewable energy in the health systems. Capacities in promoting low emission agrifood systems; sustainable mobility; and integrating urban dimensions of the NDC will be further strengthened. Policy development support will include the development of Climate Finance Strategy, new policies on the forest carbon market, including the issuance of a Department Administrative Order, an Executive Order, and a Roadmap to clarify procedures, raise finance, and provide co-benefits to community custodians of forests to promote sustainability.

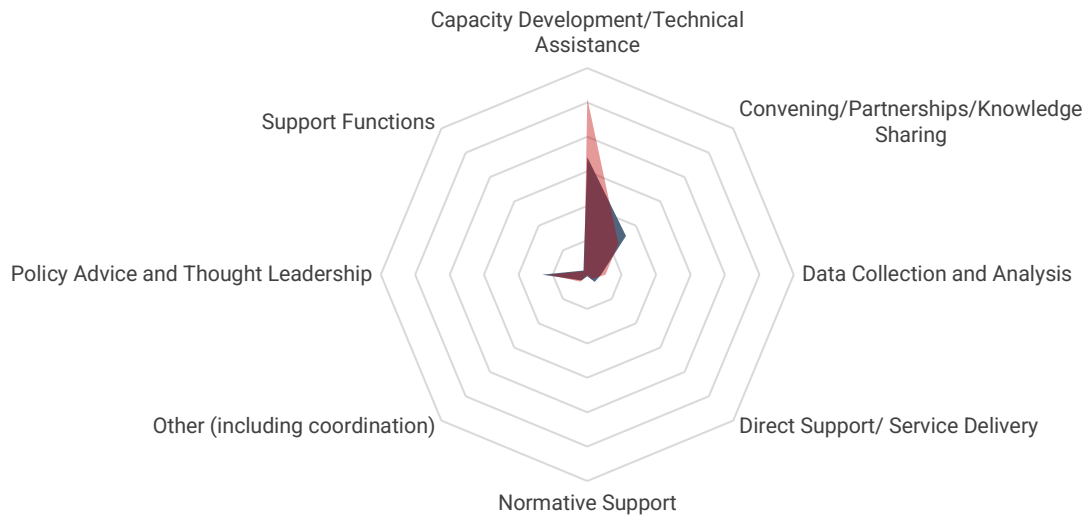
Under Output 3.3, the UN is **supporting biodiversity conservation, equitable access to and sustainable use of natural resources, and enhancing the resilience of resource-dependent communities.**

Complementing earlier activities and priorities, new or extended areas of work in 2025 include strengthening policies for sustainable management of biodiversity beyond national jurisdiction; technical and small grants for CSOs and local communities for urban ecosystem-based adaptation; strengthening island provinces and communities through blue economy integration in territorial planning and investment programming. Further, the UN will support indigenous peoples and local communities in biodiversity conservation and sustainable use; facilitating access to financial resources for small farmers and MSMEs enabling them to transition to sustainable agriculture; enhance capacities in sustainable land management and restoration of degraded forestlands; and strengthening capacities for elimination of mercury in the artisanal small scale gold mining (ASGM) sector. The UN will continue supporting the finalization and implementation of the Philippine Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan (PBSAP), the development of the National Access and Benefit Sharing (ABS) Roadmap, and the preparation of the 7th National Report on Biodiversity, in compliance with the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD).

### [5] Outcome 3 - QCPR function, 2024 vs 2025

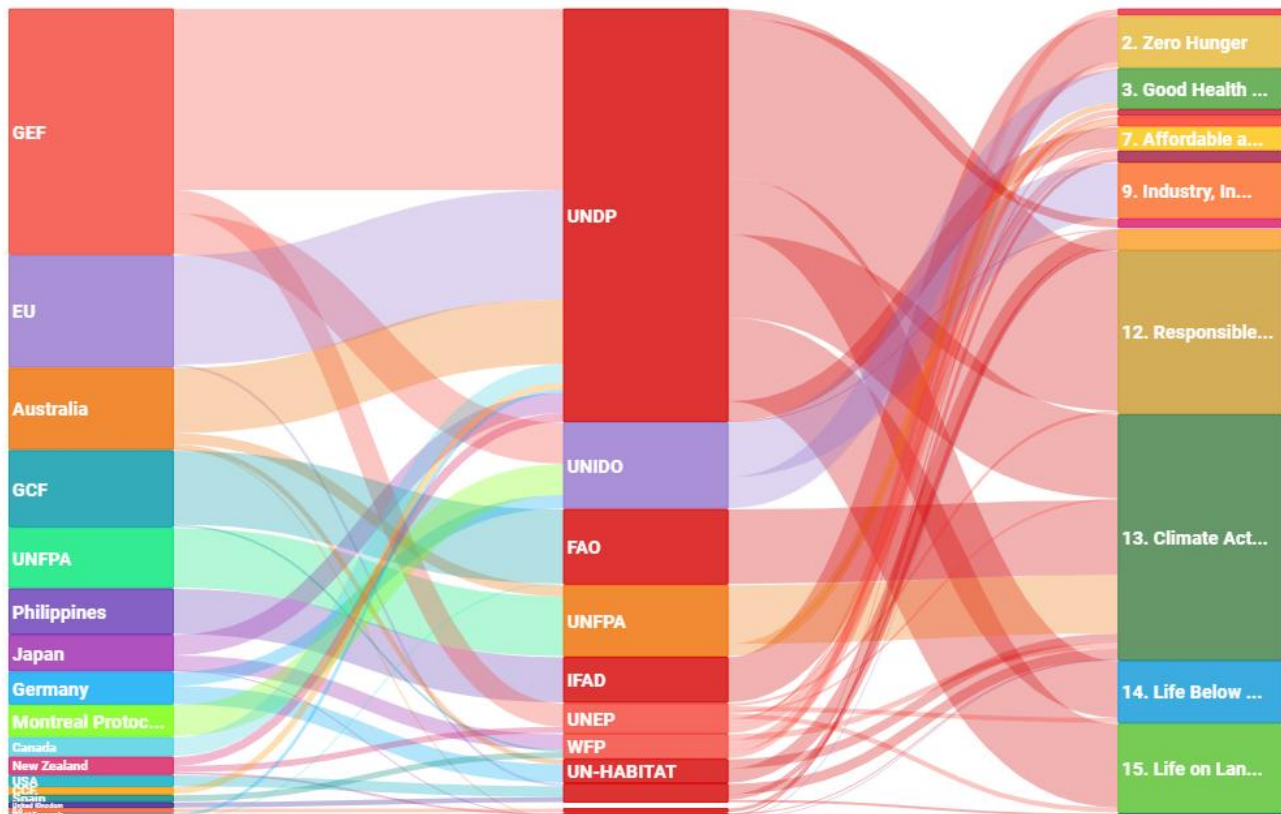
*In 2025, majority of resources for Outcome 3 will remain focused on capacity development / technical assistance (59%), convening / partnerships / knowledge sharing (15%), and policy advice and thought leadership (13%).*

■ 2024 Available ■ 2025 Available



### [6] Outcome 3 resource flows (2025): leveraging investments to advance SDGs

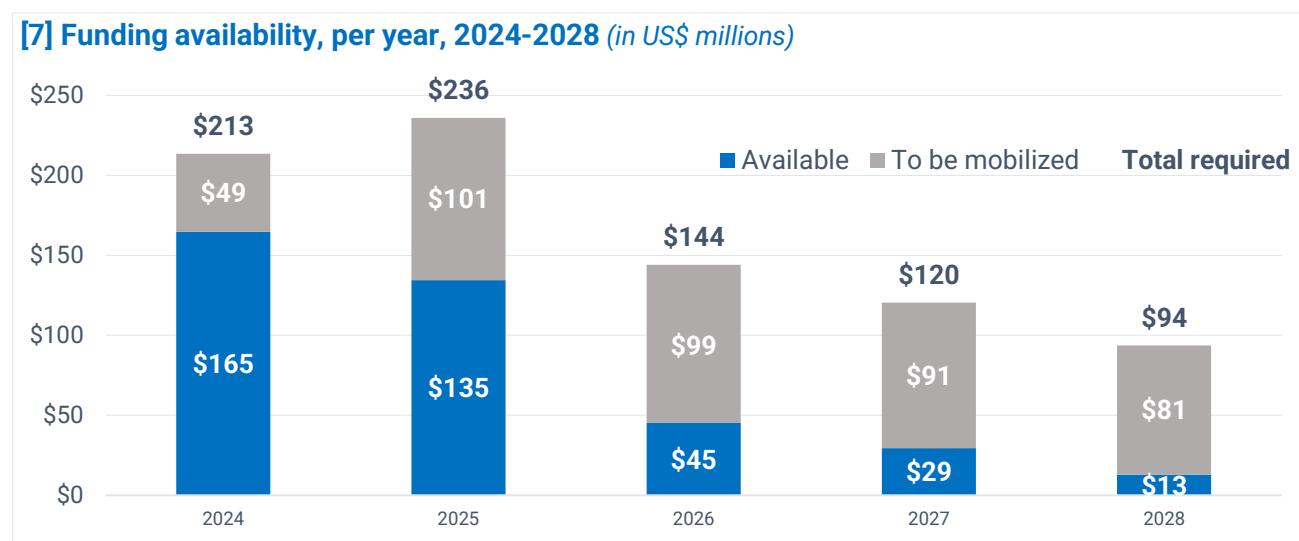
Source: UN-INFO



## 6. Resource Overview

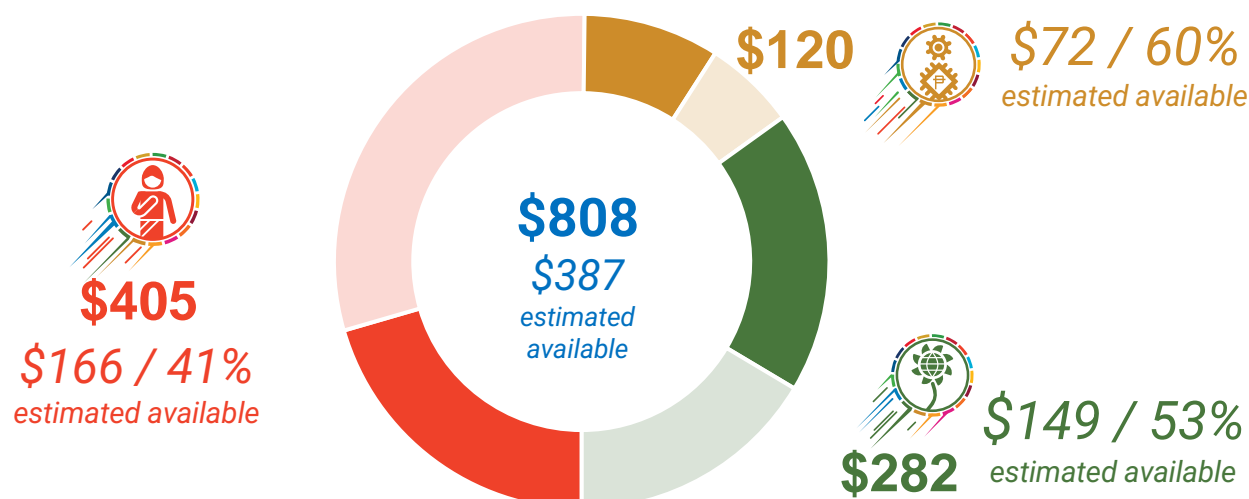
### 6.1 2024-2028 funding

The update of the Annual JWP and its financial details (Annual Funding Framework) supports a more accurate multi-year Funding Framework which allows to course correct programming priorities when sub-outputs are either over- or under-resourced. As a result, the revised estimated budget for all planned activities from 2024 to 2028 is \$804 million, with \$386 million (48%) tentatively secured and \$418 million (52%) still to be mobilized.



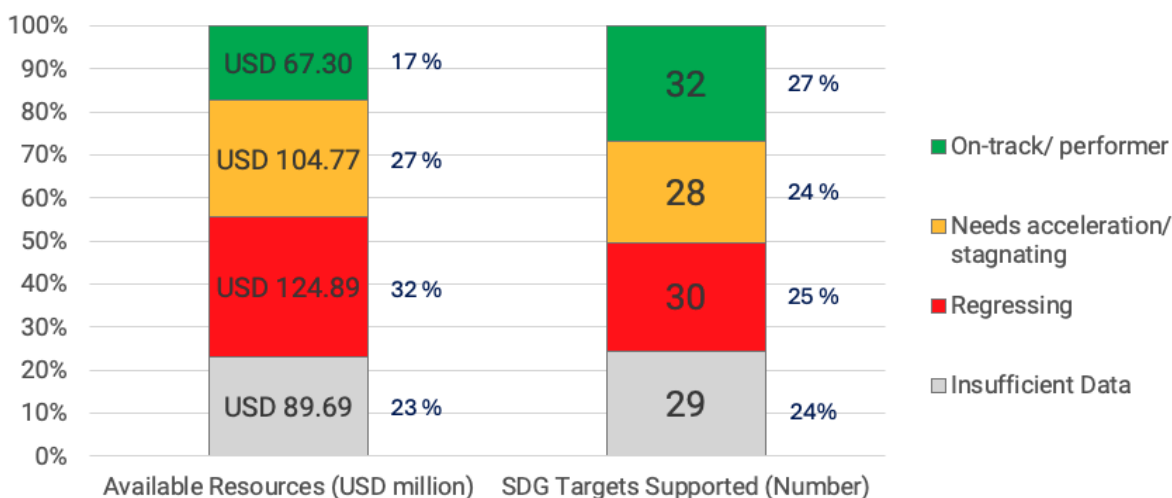
Total requirements increased by 22%, rising from \$658 million as of April 2024, with adjustments made to resource allocation across strategic priority areas in response to JSC feedback. Strategic Priority 1 accounts for half of the total requirements (50%, down from 52%), followed by Strategic Priority 3 (35%, down from 36%) and Strategic Priority 2 (15%, up from 12%).

### [8] Estimated funding availability, per Outcome, 2024-2028 (in US\$ millions)



### [9] Investing in lagging SDG Targets, 2024-2028\*

The UN Joint Workplan is focused on supporting the Philippines where progress has been lagging on achieving the country's SDG targets. Nearly 60% of available resources for 2024-2028 are being invested in SDG targets that are regressing or needs acceleration.

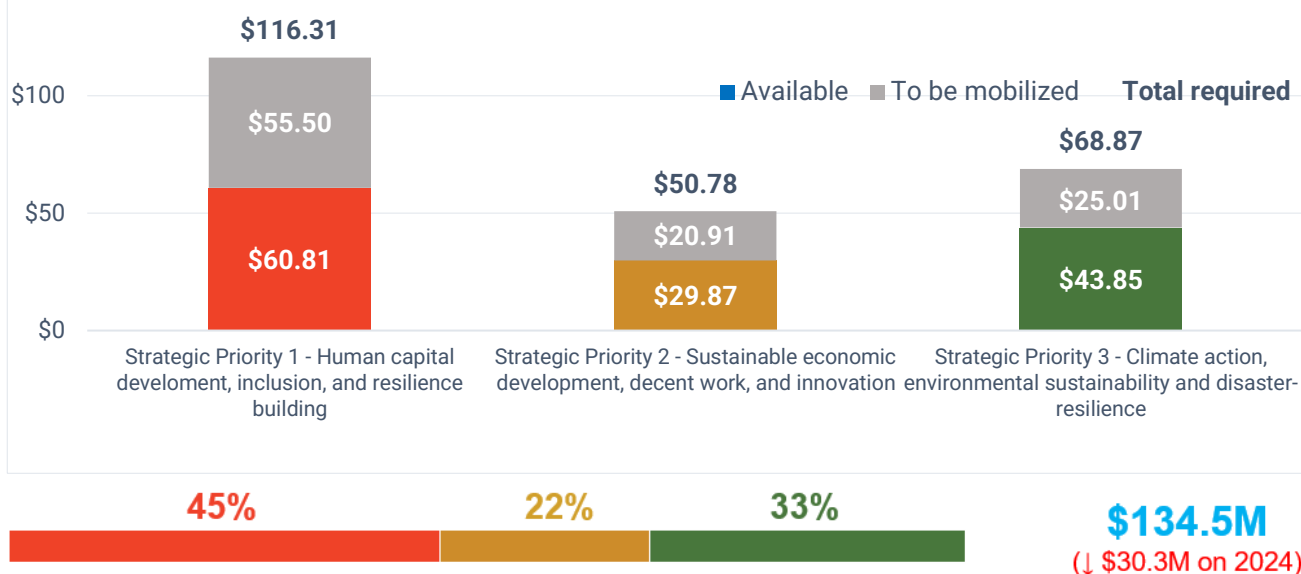


\*235 sub-outputs as of March 2025 are mapped to specific SDG targets. See Annex 7.4.

## 6.2 2025 funding

The total resource requirements for 2025 amount to \$234 million, reflecting a 9.8% increase from 2024. Of this, \$134.5 million in available resources (which includes the carryover balance from 2024) will cover 57.5% of the required resources. The resource gap is projected at \$99.4 million. Key sub-outputs, including 1.1 (Health), 1.3 (Education), 1.4 (Social and Child Protection), 1.5 (Housing), 1.6 (Governance), 1.7 (Peace), 2.1 (Economic Transformation), and 2.4 (Inclusive Economy), face a funding shortfall of over 50%.

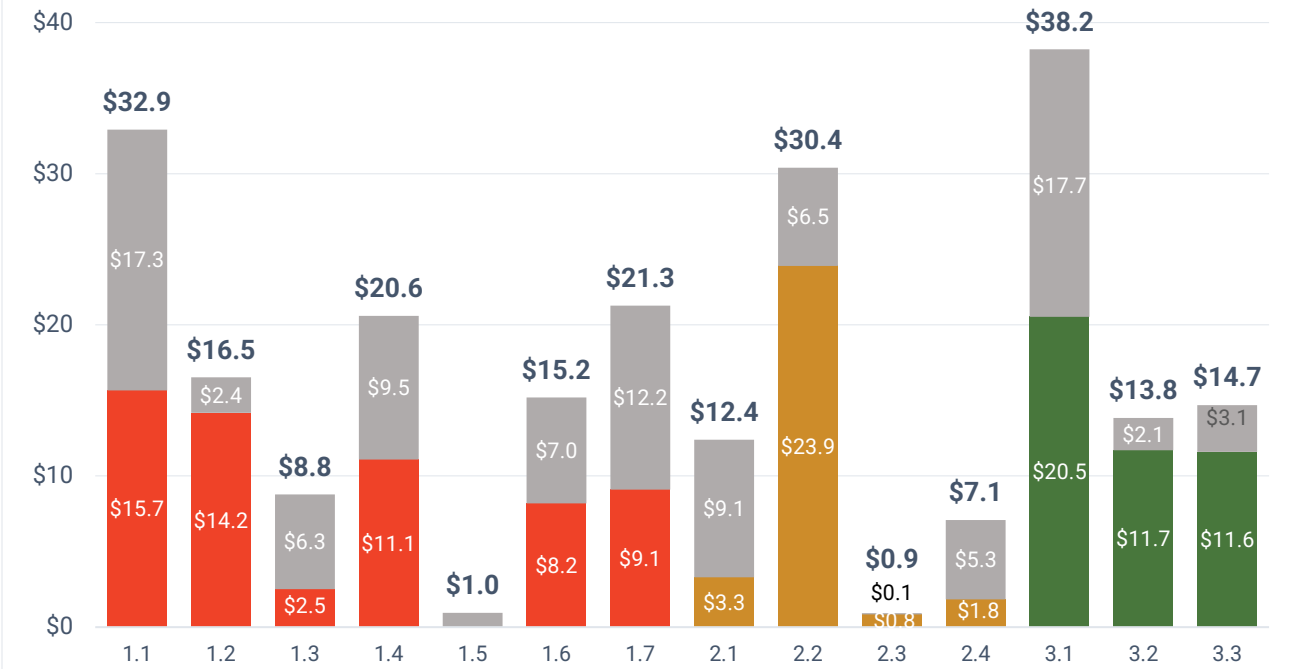
### [10] Funding availability: 2025 (in US\$ millions)





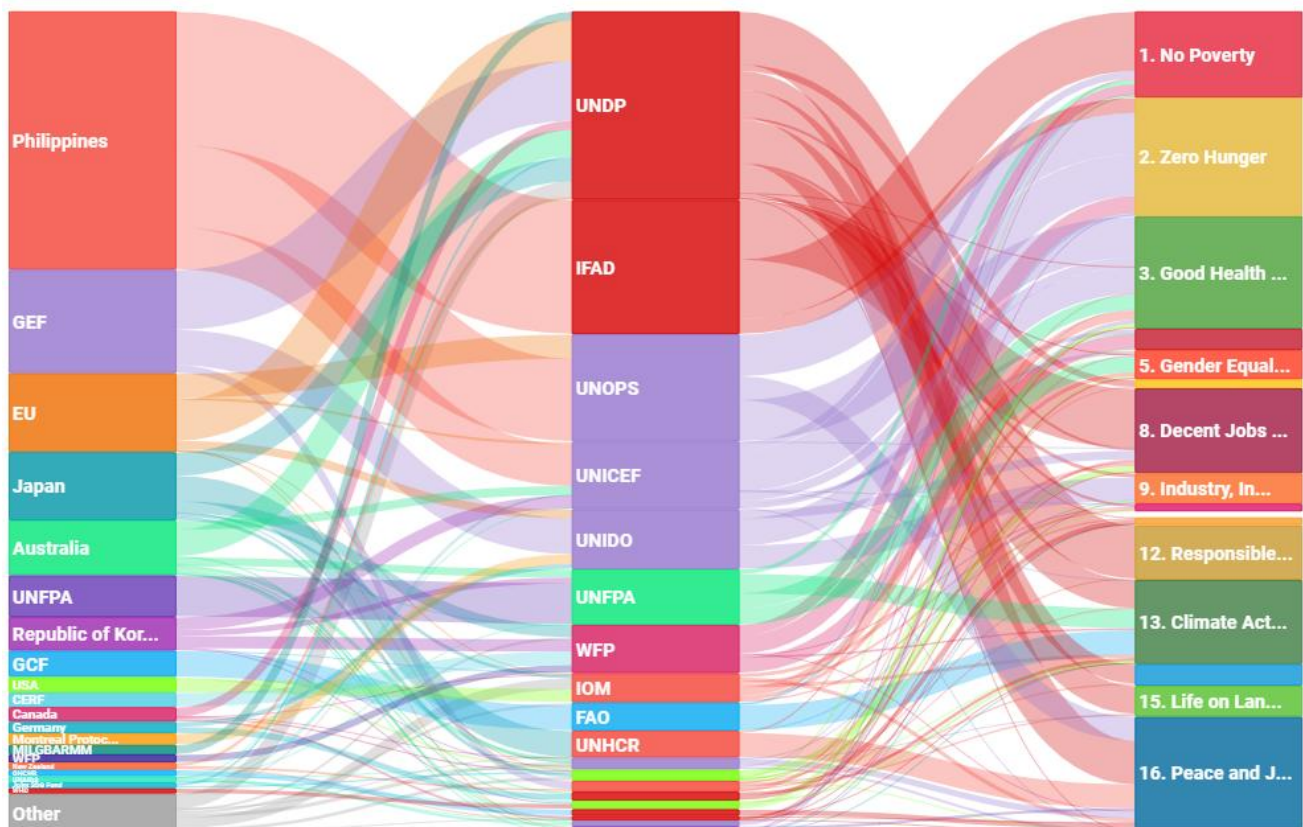
**[11] Funding per output: 2025 (in US\$ millions)**

■ Available ■ To be mobilized ■ Total required



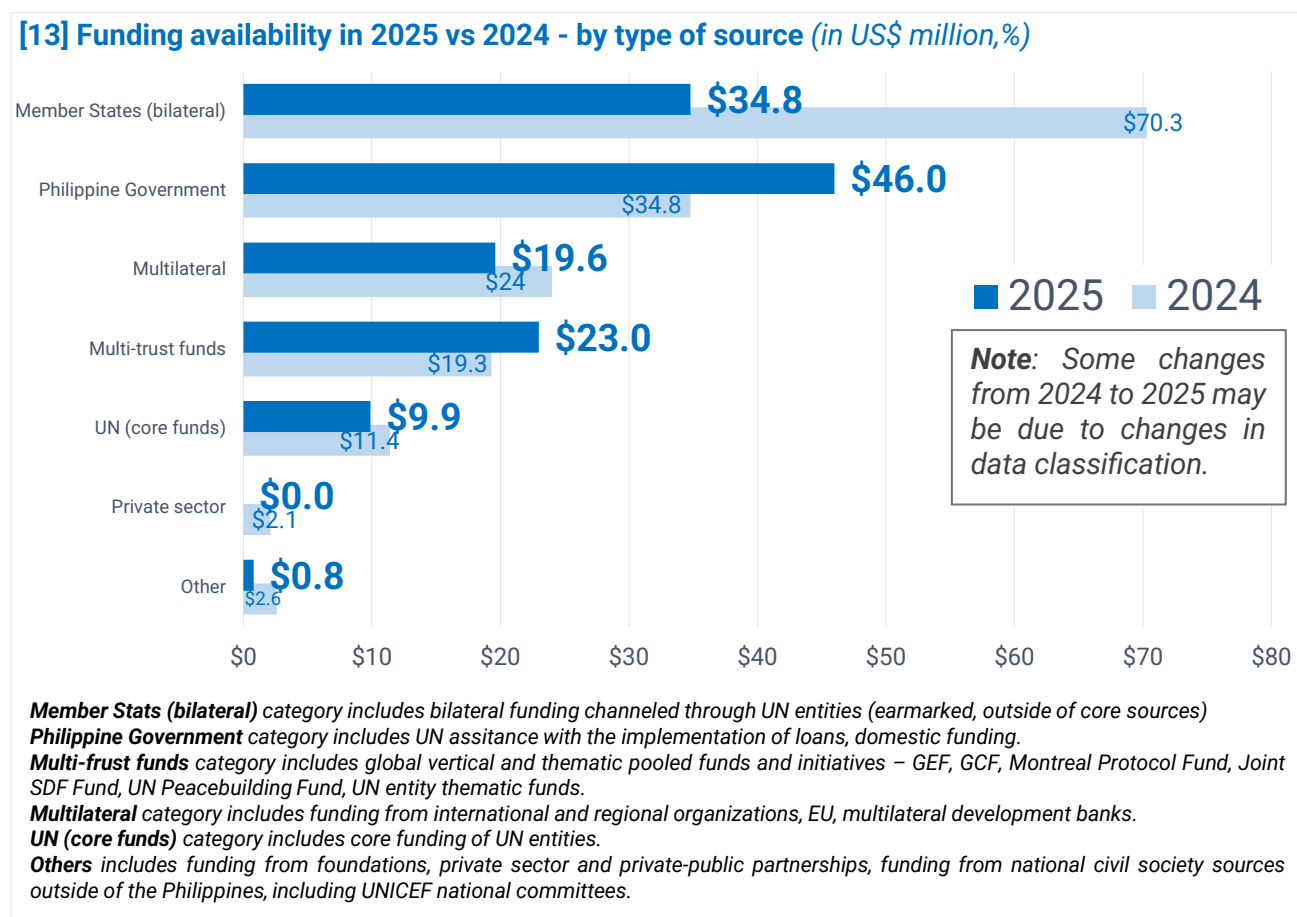
**[12] Resource flows (2025): leveraging investments to advance SDGs**

Source: UN-INFO



In recent years, UN Philippines has diversified its funding sources. When compared to 2024, there has been a decline in bilateral contributions, falling from 42% to 26%, while domestic resource mobilization has seen a significant rise, with 34% of funding coming from the host government (including local governments) for CF implementation. Furthermore, UN Philippines has successfully leveraged multi-trust funds, increasing their share from 12% to 17%, including funds from the Joint SDG Fund, UN Peacebuilding Fund (PBF), Green Climate Fund (GCF), Global Environment Facility (GEF), Women's Peace and Humanitarian Fund (WPHF), and the UN Trust Fund to End Violence against Women. Other sources include multilateral contributions (15%) and agency core resources (7%). Private sector investments and PPPs represent a promising yet underleveraged opportunity to supplement declining ODA.

In line with the Funding Compact, the focus is on joint programming and inter-agency initiatives. Key development partners, including the Philippines, Australia, Canada, the EU, Korea, and Switzerland, have fostered collaboration and coherence across 15 sub-outputs, accounting for 12% of the overall available resources, thereby enhancing UN coherence in critical areas.

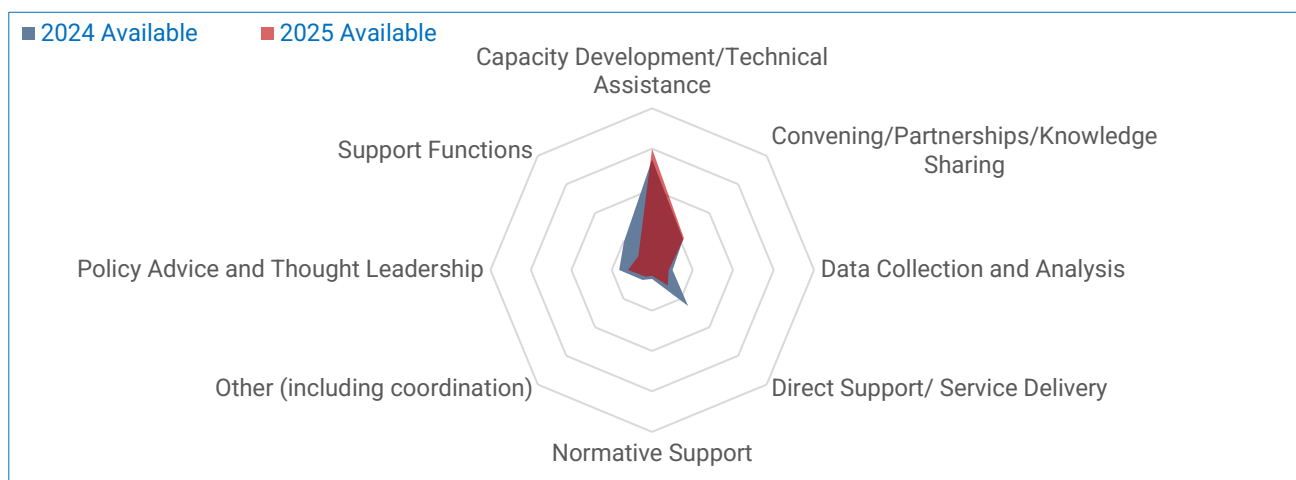


With the country transitioning to an upper-middle-income status and facing a complex funding landscape, a key priority this year is developing a strategy for financing development and partnerships. This will be supported by the creation of a pooled funding facility to assist in CF implementation and key transitions outlined by the Government of the Philippines, including areas such as innovation, financing, and the green economy.

### 6.3 Implementation modality (2025)

#### [14] QCPR function, 2024 vs 2025

*In 2025, the work of UNCT has shifted significantly from direct support/service delivery towards capacity development/ technical assistance (46%), convening/ partnerships/knowledge sharing (17%), and policy advice and thought leadership (9%), all aimed at supporting localized solutions to the Philippines' development challenges. This is in line with the UN business model for countries transitioning to an upper-middle-income status.*

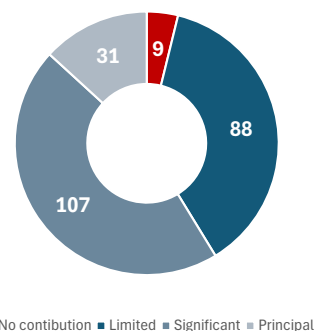


The UN engagement with the IFIs strengthened as they increased interaction with the UNCT to better seek synergies and alignment on policy development, financial resources, knowledge platforms and capacity development. By combining knowledge and resources through innovative trilateral cooperation with the Government of the Philippines (as the project owner and recipient of capacity development support), the IFIs (providing strategic loan resources), and the UN (offering a global knowledge community, universal standards, and technical assistance), is setting the ground for a new-generation partnership to address critical development gaps. The UN will continue to promote South-South cooperation, showcasing the Philippines' best practices in addressing global development challenges and positioning the country as a regional innovation leader.

### 6.4 Promoting gender equality (2025)

In all its activities, the UN is committed to promoting gender equality and women's empowerment. The gender equality marker is a UN corporate tool demonstrating how development programming supports gender equality and/or women's rights. Of 235 UN sub-outputs planned in 2025, 138 sub-outputs will be actively advancing gender equality and women's empowerment as a primary and/or significant objective. Additionally, 88 sub-outputs will contribute to gender equality and women's empowerment in a limited way.

#### [15] Gender marker



## 7. Annexes:

### 7.1 SDCF derivation status of most recent entity programming instruments

Entity	Entity instrument	Period	Status	SDCF relation / comment
FAO (recent)	<a href="#">Country Programming Framework (CPF) 2018-2024</a>	2018-2024	Concluded	n/a (finalized prior to CF)
FAO (new)	Country Programming Framework (CPF) 2025-2028	2025-2028	For finalization	Draft linked to CF strategic priorities. For finalization in March/April 2025
IFAD	Country Strategic Opportunities Programme	2023-2028	Implementation	n/a (finalized prior to CF)
ILO	Decent Work Country Programme (DWCP). The ILO's tripartite constituents have adopted the Philippine Labor and Employment Plan (2023-2028) as the new DWCP. The PLEP is a sectoral plan of the PDP.	2023-2028	Implementation	Finalized from consultations with national and regional stakeholders. Links to CF specifically decent work, skills development, social protection and green jobs.
IOM	No country programme document, but considering development of multiyear strategy that will be full aligned with CF.	2025-2028	In development	Entity activities aligned with CF Outcomes / Outputs.
ICT	No country-specific strategy	n/a	n/a	n/a
ITU	No country-specific strategy	n/a	n/a	n/a
OHCHR	Country programme	2024-2028	Implementation	Country programme incorporates CF Outcome 1, Outputs 1.6 and 1.7; cycle aligned with CF cycle.
UNAIDS	Country Office Biennial Workplan	2024-2025	Implementation	Links to CF (strategic priorities / Outcomes)
UNDP	<a href="#">Country programme document for the Philippines</a> , DP/DCP/PHL/4	2024-2028	Implementation	Full derivation confirmed by RC (October 2023)
UNDRR	No country-specific documents. <a href="#">UNDRR Strategic Framework 2022-2025</a> and <a href="#">Work Plan 2024-2025</a>	2022-2025	Implementation	n/a (finalized prior to CF)
UNEP	No country-specific strategy, but all country activities are aligned with the <a href="#">UNEP Medium Term Strategy (MTS)</a>	2022-2025	Implementation	n/a (finalized prior to CF)
UNESCO	No country-specific strategy.	n/a	n/a	n/a
UNFPA	<a href="#">Country programme document Philippines</a> , DP/FPA/CPD/PHL/9	2024-2028	Implementation	Full derivation confirmed by RC (October 2023)
UNHABITAT	Habitat Country Programme Document	2025-2029	Drafting	Consultation with stakeholders (2024), undergoing regional office/HQ review.
UNHCR	UNHCR Multi-Year Strategy	2023-2017	Implementation	n/a (finalized prior to CF)
UNICEF	<a href="#">Country programme document-Philippines (FRS 2024)</a> , E/ICEF/2024/P/L.2	2024-2028	Implementation	Full derivation confirmed by RC (October 2023)
UNICRI	No country-specific strategy	n/a	n/a	n/a
UNIDO (recent)	UNIDO Country Programme Framework	2018-2023	Concluded	n/a (finalized prior to CF)
UNIDO (new)	UNIDO Country Programme Framework 2025-2029	2025-2029	Drafting	UNIDO consulting with DFA, NEDA on forthcoming consultations. Draft in April 2025.
UNOCT	No country-specific strategy; activities linked to <a href="#">UN Global Counter Terrorism Strategy</a> (A/RES/60/288) reviewed on biannual basis.	n/a	n/a	n/a
UNODC	<a href="#">UNODC Southeast Asia and the Pacific Regional Program</a>	2022-2026	Implementation	n/a (drafted and finalized prior to CF); Aligned with CF under Outcome 1 – Outputs 1.1, 1.6 and 1.7.
UNOPS	The Philippines Country Strategy	2022-2025	Implementation	n/a (finalized prior to CF)
UNWOMEN	UN Women Country Programme Priorities 2024-2028	2024-2028	Implementation	Review of alignment conducted by RC/O (January 2024)
WFP	<a href="#">Philippines country strategic plan (2024–2028)</a> , WFP/EB.1/2024/6-A/7	2024-2028	Implementation	Full derivation confirmed by RC (October 2023)
WHO (recent)	<a href="#">WHO Philippines Country Cooperation Strategy</a> , WPRO/2017/DPM/004	2017-2022	Extended	n/a (finalized prior to CF)
WHO (new)	WHO Philippines Country Cooperation Strategy	2025-2028	Drafting	To be aligned with CF / cycle.

## 7.2 List of sub-outputs

The updated and full dataset is available in real-time at <https://uninfo.org/v1/location/88/programming> and <https://uninfo.org/v1/location/88/funding>. The CF captures results and financials specific to its timeframe throughout the JWPs, aligning sub-outputs with annual funding cycles. Each UN agency documents contributions that predate or extend beyond the framework to ensure clarity and continuity. The following coding is applied for sub-outputs: **New sub-outputs**, **Modified and updated**, and **Completed / Closed** sub-outputs.

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
1.1 1.1.01	Women and girls, especially the most disadvantaged and marginalized, have the skills and agency to make informed choices and decisions on their SRHR	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	UNFPA	\$ 3,358,702	\$ 1,435,283	DOH; DSWD; DepEd; DILG; PhilHealth; LGUs; MOH; MSSD; MILG; MBHTE	Region VIII; Philippines; BARMM
1.1 1.1.02	Women and girls, especially those with disabilities and from indigenous communities, young people, people of diverse SOGIESC, enjoy an enabling and supportive environment to fulfil their SRHR and to live free from GBV, harmful practices and discrimination	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	UNFPA	\$ 3,358,702	\$ 1,666,424	DOH; DSWD; DepEd; DILG; PhilHealth; LGUs; MOH; MSSD; MILG; MBHTE	BARMM; Region VIII; Philippines
1.1 1.1.03	Health Care Provider Networks provide accessible, quality and comprehensive SRHR/GBV services to women and girls, adolescents and youth, especially the most vulnerable who live in high burden, disaster/conflict-prone regions	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	Australia; UNFPA	\$ 2,414,290	\$ 2,223,739	DOH; DSWD; DepEd; DILG; PhilHealth; LGUs; MOH; MSSD; MILG; MBHTE	Region VIII; NCR; Philippines
1.1 1.1.04	All GBV survivors have access to quality, survivor-centered, inclusive (non-discriminatory), disability-sensitive (intersectional) services	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	UNFPA	\$ 2,423,449	\$ 1,980,116	DOH; DSWD; DepEd; DILG; PhilHealth; LGUs; MOH; MSSD; MILG; MBHTE	Philippines
1.1 1.1.05	Reduction in the number of new HIV infections by improving the coverage of HIV programs coverage among key populations including the youth aged 10 - 24 years, adolescent girls and young women through the provision of inclusive, responsive, and well-funded services across all settings and guided by increased participation of community-based organizations, leveraging the use of evidence and data for strategic information dissemination and community-led feedback.	01/03/2024	29/12/2028	UN Women; UNAIDS; UNDP; UNFPA; UNICEF; UNODC; WHO	Australia; The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria; Japan; UNAIDS; WHO	\$ 6,090,913	\$ 5,759,413	DOH	NCR, Third District; Philippines; NCR
1.1 1.1.06	Enhanced Capacities of key health officials to ensure access and inclusion of relevant marginalized population in national health policies and plans	01/01/2024	31/12/2027	UNHCR	UNHCR	\$ 439,512	\$ 109,628	DOH	Philippines
1.1 1.1.07	HSS: Child Health	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	ADB; UNICEF France; Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization; Global Humanitarian Response	\$ 16,501,659	\$ 2,412,897	DOH	Philippines



Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
					Fund; Australia; Canada; Japan; UNICEF PSFR; UNICEF; USA; US UNICEF				
1.1 1.1.08	HSS: Maternal and Neonatal Health	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	GLOBAL - HIV AND AIDS; Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization; Australia; Canada; Japan; UNAIDS; UNFPA; UNICEF; USA; UNICEF	\$ 4,344,765	\$ 284,214	DOH; NYC	Philippines
1.1 1.1.09	BARMM Health and Nutrition (HEALTH)	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	EU; GLOBAL - NUTRITION; Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization; Australia; Japan; Philippines; Spain; Republic of Korea; UNICEF; USA	\$ 4,859,804	\$ 427,209	MOH	Sulu; Lanao del Sur; Philippines; Tawi-Tawi; Maguindanao; Basilan; BARMM
1.1 1.1.10	Health System Enhancement to Address and Limit (HEAL) COVID-19	01/01/2024	10/02/2025	UNOPS	Philippines Department of Health	\$ 21,010,715	\$ 21,010,715	DOH	Philippines
1.1 1.1.11	Procurement of Medicines	11/02/2025	31/12/2025	UNOPS	Philippines Department of Health	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 0	DOH	Philippines
1.1 1.1.12	BARMM Health Resilience	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	IOM	USA	\$ 3,035,000	\$ 2,970,650	MOH	Philippines; BARMM
1.1 1.1.13	Governance capacity of health systems enhanced through improved data management and health emergency monitoring through technical support	01/06/2025	31/12/2027	UNDP	Philippines Department of Health; UNDP	\$ 2,960,000	\$ 0	DOH; LGUs	Philippines
1.1 1.1.14	Technical support to strengthen health systems towards achieving UHC	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	WHO	Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation; EC Directorate-General for International Cooperation and Development; WHO Japan; Republic of Korea	\$ 6,684,625	\$ 739,119	DOH; DOST; HTAC; MOH; PhilHealth; PSA	Philippines
1.1 1.1.15	Technical support to accelerate progress on key SDG health targets at national and subnational levels	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	WHO	Korean Centres for Disease Control and Prevention; Resolve To Save Lives; Sasakawa Health Foundation; USA; WHO	\$ 19,449,625	\$ 3,190,492	DOH; MOH; LGUs; NCIP	Philippines
1.1 1.1.16	Technical support to enhance systems and capacity to support health emergency surveillance, preparedness, response, and recovery at national and subnational levels	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	WHO	Korean Centres for Disease Control and Prevention; USA; WHO	\$ 9,484,625	\$ 2,347,918	DOH; MOH	Philippines
1.1 1.1.17	Technical support to enhance central and local governments' ability to address social determinants of health, health risk factors, and create healthy environments	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	WHO	Bloomberg Family Foundation; Switzerland; LEGO; USA; WHO	\$ 6,084,625	\$ 547,849	DOH; MOH; NCSC; DSWD; DOTr; LGUs	Philippines
1.1 1.1.18	[JP Prev Adol Preg] Support to improve access of adolescents in Samar and Southern Leyte to comprehensive adolescent sexual and reproductive health information and services.	01/01/2024	31/12/2026	UNFPA; UNICEF; WHO	Republic of Korea	\$ 3,504,674	\$ 3,504,674	DOH; LGUs	Region VIII; Philippines

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
1.1 1.1.19	Strengthening public health-based responses to illicit drugs in the Philippines and ensuring adequate support to PWUDs	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	Norway; Japan; PILIPINAS SHELL FOUNDATION, INC.; USA; UNAIDS	\$ 940,000	\$ 743,000	LGUs	Region XI; Region VI; Region VII; NCR; Region XIII; Region III; Region I; Region IV-A; Region X; Region VIII; Region V; Region IX; Region IV-B; BARMM; Region II; Philippines; CAR; Region XII
1.1 1.1.21	Joint Programme on Strengthening Health Systems and Ensuring Readiness for COVID-19 Vaccine Introduction, Targeting the most at Risk and Vulnerable Population	01/01/2024	30/06/2025	UNICEF; WHO	Australia	\$ 4,753,377	\$ 4,008,335		Region IV-B; Region X; Region XIII; Region XII; Region VI; Region IX; Region IV-A; Philippines; Region V; Region VIII
1.1 1.1.22	Inclusive Governance and Healthcare Transformation in the BARMM	01/06/2025	31/12/2028	IOM	IOM	\$ 8,590,000	\$ 0		Sulu; Tawi-Tawi; Philippines; Maguindanao; Basilan; Lanao del Sur; BARMM
1.2 1.2.01	Strengthening the youth's participation in agriculture towards achieving food and nutrition	01/01/2024	28/02/2025	FAO	FAO	\$ 199,500	\$ 190,000	MAFAR	BARMM; Philippines
1.2 1.2.02	Strengthen the capacity of national and subnational governments, as well as CSOs and the private sector, to foster the scale-up of evidence-based nutrition-sensitive interventions. (Nutrition Sensitive)	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	WFP	Agence Française de Développement; ADB; Finland; Japan; OPEC Fund for International Development; WFP	\$ 2,270,662	\$ 729,224	NNC; MOH; DA; DepEd; DOH; DSWD	BARMM; Region II; Lanao del Sur; Maguindanao; NCR, Second District; Manila City; NCR; Philippines; Isabela; NCR, Third District; Mandaluyong City; NCR, Fourth District
1.2 1.2.03	Enhanced capacities of civil society network and development actors for leadership, advocacy, gender equality and empowerment strengthened, including women, girls, LGBTIQ+ and most vulnerable groups.	01/01/2024	31/12/2027	UNHCR	UNHCR	\$ 474,512	\$ 116,628	DOJ	Philippines
1.2 1.2.04	Tackling Child Stunting & Wasting	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	New Zealand; Philippines Department of Health; UNICEF; UNICEF UK; UNICEF; USA	\$ 22,675,968	\$ 7,727,589	NNC; DOH; DSWD; DA	Philippines
1.2 1.2.05	Childhood Obesity & Nutrition Governance	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	GLOBAL - NUTRITION; Philippines; UK NatCom; UK; UNICEF	\$ 5,994,190	\$ 2,508,217	NNC; DOH; DepEd; DA	Philippines
1.2 1.2.06	BARMM Health and Nutrition (NUTRITION)	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	EC; GLOBAL - NUTRITION; Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunisation; Australia; Japan; Philippines; Spain; Republic of Korea; UNICEF; USA	\$ 4,859,803	\$ 433,201	MOH	Sulu; Lanao del Sur; Basilan; BARMM; Tawi-Tawi; Philippines; Maguindanao
1.2 1.2.07	Technical support to promote healthy diets and prevent all forms of malnutrition, including overweight and obesity	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	WHO	WHO	\$ 697,500	\$ 24,500	LGUs	Philippines
1.2 1.2.08	Mental Health Local Investment	01/01/2025	31/12/2025	UNDP	LGUs	\$ 0	\$ 0	DOH; NNC; DOST - FNRI	Philippines
1.2 1.2.09	Philippine Multisectoral Nutrition Project (PMNP)	01/01/2024	30/10/2025	UNICEF; UNOPS	Philippines Department of Health	\$ 9,561,176	\$ 9,561,176	DOH	Philippines
1.3 1.3.01	Adolescents and youth have the knowledge, skills and agency to exercise their SRHR	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	Norway; UNFPA	\$ 3,003,310	\$ 1,547,096	DOH; DSWD; DepEd; DILG; PhilHealth; LGUs; MOH; MSSD; MILG; MBHTE; CHRP; PCW	Region VII; Region I; BARMM; Region XI; Philippines; Region VIII
1.3 1.3.02	Increased capacities of national and sub-national government agencies to develop	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	ILO	Republic of Korea; JP Morgan	\$ 467,188	\$ 117,188		Philippines; NCR; Region VII



Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
	inclusive policies, strategies and governance mechanisms for a sustainable and resilient skills and lifelong learning systems								
1.3 1.3.03	Advocacy and technical assistance to support the Government in strengthening and expanding the coverage of the national school feeding programme and promoting home-grown school feeding (HGSF).	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	WFP	France; Finland; Japan; WFP	\$ 9,082,657	\$ 4,834,996	DA; DOH; DSWD; MOH; MILG	Isabela; BARMM; Region II; Maguindanao; Lanao del Sur; Philippines
1.3 1.3.04	Enhanced Capacities of the relevant government agencies for the Implementation of the Complementary Pathways Programme and inclusive access to quality education among refugees and asylum seekers	01/01/2024	31/12/2027	UNHCR	UNHCR	\$ 454,512	\$ 111,628	DOJ	Philippines
1.3 1.3.05	Early Childhood Education	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	UNICEF	\$ 5,727,270	\$ 336,730	DSWD; DepEd; ECCD Council	Philippines
1.3 1.3.06	Quality Foundational Skills	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	UNICEF France; Global Thematic Funding; Australia; Japan; UNICEF	\$ 8,190,695	\$ 433,182	DepEd	Philippines
1.3 1.3.07	Out of School Adolescents + Emergencies	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	UNICEF; Consolidated funds from Natcoms; Global Humanitarian Response Fund; Global Thematic Funding; Australia; New Zealand	\$ 3,764,230	\$ 262,679	DepEd; NYC	Philippines
1.3 1.3.08	BARMM Learning and Skills	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	EU; Global Humanitarian Response Fund; Global Thematic Funding; Republic of Korea; UNICEF	\$ 11,036,985	\$ 1,323,270	MBHTE	BARMM; Philippines; Lanao del Sur; Sulu; Tawi-Tawi; Basilan; Maguindanao
1.3 1.3.09	Governance capacity of education systems enhanced through improved data management and procurement	01/01/2027	31/12/2028	UNDP	Philippines Department of Education	\$ 0	\$ 0	DepEd	Philippines
1.3 1.3.10	Better Life for Out-of-School Girls to Fight Against Poverty and Injustice in the Philippines	01/01/2024	31/12/2024	UNESCO	Republic of Korea	\$ 1,348,287	\$ 1,348,287	DepEd	Leyte; Region VIII; Philippines
1.3 1.3.11	Bangsamoro Education Reform and Development Plan (2021-2035) Phase II	01/01/2024	31/10/2024	UNESCO	UNICEF	\$ 47,801	\$ 47,801	MBHTE	Basilan; Sulu; Tawi-Tawi; Maguindanao; Lanao del Sur; Philippines; BARMM
1.3 1.3.12	Preparing teachers who can innovate using digital technology	01/01/2024	24/05/2025	UNESCO	Japan	\$ 23,415	\$ 23,415		Philippines; NCR
1.4 1.4.01	Women and girls, adolescents and youth, especially the most vulnerable and marginalized, utilize the social health insurance (Philhealth), social protection and safety net mechanisms to access affordable, comprehensive and quality SRHR services (linked to CF 1.4)	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	UNFPA	\$ 2,165,391	\$ 1,722,058	DOH; DSWD; DepEd; DILG; PhilHealth; LGUs; MOH; MSSD; MILG; MBHTE; CPD	NCR; Region VIII; Philippines
1.4 1.4.02	Increasing capacities and scale for Anticipatory Action including through social Protection systems - Philippines	01/01/2024	31/08/2024	FAO	EU	\$ 2,306,675	\$ 2,306,675	DSWD	Region V; Philippines
1.4 1.4.03	Increased capacities of government in developing and implementing policies to extend social protection and ensuring access to comprehensive and adequate social protection for workers in all types of employment, including facilitating the	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	ILO	Belgium; Canada; Denmark; France; Germany; Italy; Japan; Luxembourg; Norway; ILO	\$ 1,119,924	\$ 1,114,924	MBHTE; MSSD; DOLE; DTI; NEDA	Region XIII; BARMM; Philippines

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
	formalization of workers and enterprises, and addressing child labour.								
1.4 1.4.04	Strengthen the government social protection systems, including through the provision of integrated food and nutrition assistance to vulnerable communities using conflict-sensitive and inclusive approaches. (Activity 4)	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	WFP	ADB; OPEC Fund for International Development; WFP	\$ 16,164,504	\$ 10,145,121	DSWD; MSSD	Isabela; Surigao del Norte; Region XI; Manila City; Camarines Sur; Philippines; Region V; Region XIII; Maguindanao; NCR; Region II; BARMM
1.4 1.4.05	Strengthened protection framework by the Government for Forcibly Displaced and Stateless Persons	01/01/2024	31/12/2027	UNHCR	UNHCR	\$ 634,512	\$ 156,628	DOJ	NCR; Philippines
1.4 1.4.06	Strengthened self-reliance strategy and increasing capacities of the Government on education and livelihoods with focus on women, girls, LGBTIQ+ people, and most vulnerable groups.	01/01/2024	31/12/2027	UNHCR	UNHCR	\$ 554,512	\$ 133,628	TESDA	NCR; Philippines
1.4 1.4.07	Improved access to documentation through registration for marginalized population and digitization support to Local Civil Registrars	01/05/2024	31/12/2027	UNHCR	Japan	\$ 7,925,884	\$ 5,925,884	MSSD	BARMM; Philippines
1.4 1.4.08	National CP System Mechanisms	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	End Violence Against Children Fund; Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunisation; Global Humanitarian Response Fund; Australia; Japan; UNICEF	\$ 8,091,460	\$ 696,756	DSWD; CWC; DOJ; JJWC	Philippines
1.4 1.4.09	CP System: Prevention	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	End Violence Against Children Fund; Australia; UNICEF	\$ 4,812,190	\$ 367,308	DSWD; CWC; DOJ; JJWC	Philippines
1.4 1.4.10	CP System: Response	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	End Violence Against Children Fund; UNICEF	\$ 7,548,485	\$ 247,843	DSWD; CWC; DOJ; JJWC	Philippines
1.4 1.4.11	BARMM CP System	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	End Violence Against Children Fund; EU; Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunisation; Global Humanitarian Response Fund; Australia; Republic of Korea; UNICEF	\$ 9,497,140	\$ 1,063,832	MSSD; MILG	Tawi-Tawi; Basilan; Lanao del Sur; Philippines; Maguindanao; Sulu; BARMM
1.4 1.4.12	Child Poverty and Social Protection	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	Global Thematic Social Policy; Australia; UNICEF; OCHA	\$ 5,916,960	\$ 1,217,582	DSWD; DILG; PSA	Philippines
1.4 1.4.13	BARMM Child Responsive Social Policy	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	EU; Australia; Republic of Korea; UNICEF	\$ 4,274,078	\$ 1,604,991	MSSD; MILG; BPDA	Philippines; Maguindanao; Sulu; BARMM; Tawi-Tawi; Lanao del Sur; Basilan
1.4 1.4.14	Mainstreaming Fair and Ethical Recruitment into the Philippines' Migration Governance	01/01/2024	30/11/2025	IOM	Canada	\$ 278,305	\$ 238,305	DMW	Philippines
1.4 1.4.15	Protection assistance for victims of trafficking and their family members, and returning migrants	01/01/2024	31/03/2026	IOM	USA	\$ 133,000	\$ 83,000	DFA	Philippines
1.4 1.4.16	Preventing Online Sexual Abuse and Exploitation of Children and proliferation of Child Sexual Abuse and Exploitation Materials through Technical Assistance, Capacity Building and Direct Support for the development of OSAEC-CSAEM Case Management Database, reporting	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	Netherlands; Japan; USA; UK	\$ 508,000	\$ 307,257	PNP	Philippines; NCR

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
	mechanisms and Child-friendly Interview Rooms								
1.4 1.4.17	Resilient Livelihoods Development for Women and Youth IDPs in Maguindanao	01/01/2024	15/08/2025	FAO; UNFPA	Australia	\$ 938,117	\$ 938,117	Philippine Local Government Units; Philippines Civil Society Organizations	Philippines; BARMM
1.4 1.4.18	Sustaining Rice and Corn Production in BARMM thru Provision and Efficient Use of Fertilizers amidst the Global Impacts of Ukraine Crisis	01/01/2024	21/03/2024	FAO	Japan	\$ 1,851,851	\$ 1,851,851	Philippines BARMM Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries, and Agrarian Reform	BARMM; Philippines
1.4 1.4.19	Rural livelihoods protection through anticipatory action along the eastern seaboard	17/12/2024	17/05/2025	FAO	FAO	\$ 1,586,881	\$ 0		Region II; Philippines
1.4 1.4.20	Supporting early response and agricultural livelihood recovery of smallholders affected by Tropical Cyclone Trami in Camarines Sur	18/11/2024	17/05/2025	FAO	FAO	\$ 400,000	\$ 0		Region V; Philippines
1.4 1.4.21	Accelerating counter-trafficking efforts in the Philippines to combat forced criminality	11/09/2024	31/03/2025	IOM	UK	\$ 83,000	\$ 83,000		Philippines
1.5 1.5.01	Protecting vulnerable human settlements in ancestral domains through improved ecosystem services	05/01/2026	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	UN-HABITAT	\$ 4,900,000	\$ 0	DENR, NCIP, LGUs, DHSUD	BUKidnon; Region VIII; Region X; Philippines; CAR
1.5 1.5.02	Improved network of open and green spaces	05/01/2026	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	UN-HABITAT	\$ 3,750,000	\$ 0	DHSUD	Region V; Region III; Pampanga; Albay; NCR, Second District; NCR, Third District; Region X; Region VIII; Philippines; Region VII; NCR; Leyte
1.5 1.5.03	Promotion of innovations for people-centered smart cities	01/01/2025	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	UN-HABITAT	\$ 4,950,000	\$ 0	DHSUD	Southern Leyte; Pampanga; Cebu; Misamis Oriental; Region III; Region VIII; Region VII; NCR, Second District; NCR; Region XII; Philippines; NCR, Third District; Region X
1.5 1.5.04	Supporting Blue-green Recovery, Strengthening Resilience and Promoting Sustainable Growth in Philippine Cities and Communities through Nature-Based Solutions and Circular Economy	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	Spain	\$ 4,918,636	\$ 418,636	DHSUD	Philippines
1.6 1.6.01	Local governments are capacitated to contextualize, plan, ensure adequate budget allocation and utilization, and operationalize coordination mechanisms to implement and monitor national SRHR/GBV, youth and other population policies and programmes	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	Australia; UNFPA	\$ 1,272,361	\$ 803,462	DOH; DSWD; DepEd; PCW; CPD; DILG; LGUs	Philippines
1.6 1.6.02	Key national government agencies are capacitated to develop, coordinate, implement and monitor national costed implementation policies and plans on SRHR, GBV, youth and other population issues	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	Australia; UNICEF; UNFPA	\$ 1,945,177	\$ 2,003,575	DOH; DSWD; DepEd; PCW; CPD	Philippines
1.6 1.6.03	Congressional oversight committees are functional and review implementation of SRHR, GBV, GEWE, youth and other population related laws and policies	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	UNFPA	\$ 1,541,158	\$ 881,158	DOH; DSWD; DepEd; PCW; CPD; House of Representatives; Senate of the Philippines	Philippines

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
1.6 1.6.04	Judiciary champions promote, protect, and fulfil SRHR, gender equality, youth empowerment and respect for human rights in their legal resolutions/court decisions	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	UNFPA	\$ 1,382,058	\$ 722,058	DOJ; DSWD; PCW	Philippines
1.6 1.6.05	Policy advocacy and capacity building through the hosting of Girls in ICT Day in the Philippines to promote gender equality and empower women to harness the role of ICTs for an inclusive and sustainable digital future contributing to achieving SDG 5	01/01/2024	31/12/2024	ITU	EQUALS Global Partnership; UN Women	\$ 0	\$ 0	DICT	NCR; Philippines
1.6 1.6.06	Integrating Human Rights Based Approaches across the UN Country Team and with national Stakeholders	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	OHCHR	OHCHR	\$ 2,139,118	\$ 1,353,593	DFA; DOJ; CWC	Philippines
1.6 1.6.07	UNJP: Technical Cooperation and Capacity building for the Promotion and Protection of Human Rights in the Philippines	01/01/2024	31/07/2024	OHCHR; UNESCO; UNOCT; UNODC	EU; Australia; Germany; Ireland; Norway; Philippines; Switzerland; Netherlands; UK; USA	\$ 1,953,595	\$ 1,953,595	DOJ	Philippines
1.6 1.6.08	Implement and support government and partners in strengthening / establishing accountability mechanisms that are inclusive of all groups (LNOB principle)	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	WFP	France; ADB; Australia; Finland; Ireland; Philippines; Switzerland; Japan; OPEC Fund for International Development; DICT; Spain; The Green Climate Fund; USA; WFP	\$ 4,287,876	\$ 1,148,862		Region VIII; Region XI; Region XIII; Philippines; Region V; Isabela; BARMM; Maguindanao; Lanao del Sur; Leyte; Camarines Sur; Region II; Surigao del Norte
1.6 1.6.09	Public Finance and Governance for Children	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	EU; UNICEF; Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunisation; Australia; Canada; Japan	\$ 4,901,825	\$ 400,167	DOF; DSWD; DILG; PhilHealth; DBM; NEDA; CPBRD; Senate of the Philippines	Philippines
1.6 1.6.10	Child Rights and Business	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	Australia; Canada; UNICEF	\$ 569,695	\$ 49,144	DOF; SEC	Philippines
1.6 1.6.11	Institutions, systems and mechanisms are strengthened to effectively prevent and address all forms of gender-based violence, particularly VAW, and enable them to improve the access of women and girls, wherever they are, to services delivered in a more rights-based, gender-responsive, efficient and comprehensive manner, in line with international norms and standards.	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	UN Women	UN Trust Fund to End Violence against Women	\$ 50,000	\$ 40,000	DILG; PNP; LGUs	Philippines
1.6 1.6.12	Selected LGUs and ministries in BARMM accelerate gender-responsive digitalization and e-governance efforts for improved delivery of services through implementation support	01/01/2024	31/12/2027	UNDP	MILG-BARMM	\$ 3,854,518	\$ 3,848,756	MILG	Philippines; BARMM
1.6 1.6.14	Enhanced capacities of DICT in the implementation of inclusive net service, strengthening cyber security, and bridging digital divide through implementation support	01/01/2024	31/12/2026	UNDP	DICT	\$ 1,771,281	\$ 1,717,281	DICT	Philippines
1.6 1.6.15	Strengthened capacities on M&E through implementation support	01/01/2024	31/12/2027	UNDP	ADB; Australia; DSWD; NEDA; UNDP	\$ 5,438,473	\$ 2,000,472	NEDA; LGUs; DSWD	Philippines
1.6 1.6.16	Selected LGUs have localized databased and enhanced competencies in data collection and management of data for more inclusive development, poverty reduction,	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	LGUs; UNDP	\$ 3,060,000	\$ 114,356	LGUs	Region VII; Bohol; Philippines

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
	disaster risk reduction and crises prevention and management								
1.6 1.6.17	Strengthened democratic institutions, open governance, and promoting peace and the rule of law by leveraging innovation and technology	01/09/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	Japan; EU; Spain; UNDP	\$ 2,074,000	\$ 1,866,751	DBM; DILG; Supreme Court of Philippines	Philippines
1.6 1.6.18	Enhancing proactive and collaborative rule-of-law-based criminal justice response to violent extremism	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	Australia; UNODC	\$ 932,000	\$ 931,231	Anti-Terrorism Council	Philippines; NCR; BARMM; Region XI
1.6 1.6.19	Improving responses to money laundering and illicit financial flows	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	Japan; USA	\$ 420,000	\$ 330,624	SEC	NCR; Philippines
1.6 1.6.20	Towards knowledge-based, community-based and inclusive crime prevention, including prevention of violence against women and children	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	UNODC	\$ 200,000	\$ 30,000	NAPOLCOM	Region IX; NCR; BARMM; Philippines
1.6 1.6.21	Strengthening Cyber Investigations, Digital Forensic, Digital Evidence, and Virtual Assets Investigation among justice sector agencies	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	Netherlands; Japan; USA	\$ 496,000	\$ 295,246	PNP	NCR; Philippines
1.6 1.6.22	Strengthening Mechanisms for Investigating Custodial Deaths	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	Japan	\$ 400,000	\$ 130,000	BJMP	NCR; Philippines
1.6 1.6.23	Fortifying foundations for corrections in PCVE and working towards jail and prison decongestion	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	Australia; Japan	\$ 1,660,000	\$ 860,000	BJMP	BARMM; Philippines; NCR
1.6 1.6.24	Enhancing Capacities in Visit Board Search and Seizure, and Strengthening Maritime Domain Awareness and other Strategies	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	Japan; USA	\$ 200,000	\$ 72,000	PNP	Region IV-A; Philippines; NCR; BARMM
1.6 1.6.25	Supporting Capacities for Evidence-Collection in Terrorism-Related Cases and Other TOC Incidents to Strengthen their Immediate Responses to Crises and Security Concerns	01/04/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	Japan; USA	\$ 1,055,000	\$ 1,054,805	Anti-Terrorism Council	Philippines; NCR; Region IX; BARMM
1.6 1.6.26	UN Countering Terrorist Travel Programme	01/01/2024	07/07/2026	UNOCT	Australia	\$ 1,409,120	\$ 615,116	DOJ	Philippines
1.6 1.6.27	Supporting the rights and needs of victims of terrorism through the establishment of National Comprehensive Assistance Plans and Model Legislative Provisions (UNOCT/UNCCT Global Victims of Terrorism Support Programme)	01/03/2024	31/12/2024	UNOCT	USA	\$ 234,806	\$ 117,403	National Counter Terrorism Centre	Philippines
1.6 1.6.28	Global Counter-Terrorism Programme on Cybersecurity and New Technologies (CT TECH)	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	UNOCT	EU	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000		Philippines
1.6 1.6.29	Advancing Police Transformation and Rights-Based Policing in the Philippines	01/05/2025	30/11/2026	UNODC	UNODC	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 0		Philippines; NCR
1.6 1.6.30	Combating Transnational Organized Crime and other forms of crime through regional initiatives	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	Australia; Canada; Republic of Korea; Norway; USA	\$ 561,000	\$ 557,016		Philippines
1.6 1.6.31	Strengthening Good Governance and the Rule of Law in the Philippines	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	USA; Republic of Korea	\$ 520,000	\$ 500,000		Philippines
1.7 1.7.01	Technical support to enhance national capacity to prevent, detect and respond to chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear (CBRN) security threats	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNICRI	EU; Canada; UK	\$ 0	\$ 0	DILG; Anti-Terrorism Council	Philippines



Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
1.7 1.7.02	Technical support to national and sub-national governments in developing decent work policies and/or programmes to address root causes of fragility and to create pathways to peaceful, stable and resilient societies	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	ILO	ILO	\$ 30,000	\$ 15,000	BARMM	Philippines; BARMM
1.7 1.7.03	In collaboration with the government and partners, implement inclusive and context sensitive programmes that consolidate peace and development to communities vulnerable to food insecurity and malnutrition.	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	WFP	Ireland; Philippines; Switzerland; Japan; Spain	\$ 3,779,892	\$ 648,985		Isabela; Maguindanao; Region II; Philippines; Region XIII; BARMM; Surigao del Norte; Lanao del Sur
1.7 1.7.04	Support to Bangsamoro Transition (SUBATRA)	01/01/2024	30/06/2025	UNOPS	EU	\$ 4,976,821	\$ 4,976,821	BPDA	Philippines
1.7 1.7.05	Support to the Justice Sector Reform Programme: Governance in Justice II (GOJUST2)	01/01/2024	08/06/2025	UNOPS	EU	\$ 4,038,574	\$ 4,038,574	Supreme Court of Philippines; DOJ; DILG	Philippines
1.7 1.7.06	Enhanced gender integration in all aspects of peace and security through promoting and localizing the women, peace and security agenda, providing technical and planning support to government agencies, including ministries and those in security sector, and building the capacities of women leaders and peace mediators and CSOs working on WPS programmes and communities to influence peace, security and resilience policies, action plans and strategies.	01/01/2024	31/07/2025	UN Women	Australia; Republic of Korea; UK; Women's Peace and Humanitarian Fund	\$ 1,405,499	\$ 197,000	MIPA; MPOS; BWC; Office of the Presidential Adviser on Peace, OPAPRU, PNP	Tawi-Tawi; Maguindanao; Basilan; Lanao del Sur; BARMM; Philippines; Sulu
1.7 1.7.07	Enhancing and Sustaining Peace and Security Mechanisms through Support to Joint Peace and Security Teams in Mindanao, Philippines	01/01/2024	30/11/2025	IOM	Japan; Norway	\$ 3,153,335	\$ 3,143,793	OPAPRU; LGUs; AFP; PNP; MFAR; MSSD; MTIT	BARMM; Philippines
1.7 1.7.08	Support to peace process mechanisms to sustain gains of peace and development in BARMM	01/01/2024	31/12/2027	UNDP	Australia; Netherlands; UK; UNDP	\$ 6,642,121	\$ 1,953,466	MILG; PSRO; OCM	BARMM; Philippines
1.7 1.7.09	Support to the processes of stabilization, SALW and PVE	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	Japan; UNDP	\$ 3,765,258	\$ 3,645,258	MILG; PSRO	Basilan; Philippines; BARMM
1.7 1.7.10	Enhancement of capacities, frameworks, and approaches to support IDP Inclusion and Displacement Resolution Measures	01/01/2024	30/10/2025	IOM; UNDP; UNHCR	Peacebuilding Fund	\$ 2,766,000	\$ 2,601,482	OPAPRU; MILG; PSRO; MPOS;	Philippines; BARMM
1.7 1.7.11	Women peace mediators, women's organizations, and government institutions are capacitated to advance the Women, Peace and Security (WPS) agenda in BARMM and ensure women's meaningful leadership and participation in conflict prevention, resolution and peacebuilding.	01/01/2024	30/09/2025	UN Women; UNDP	Canada	\$ 2,730,903	\$ 1,785,046	BWC; MPOS; MILG; MERE	Lanao del Sur; BARMM; Tawi-Tawi; Maguindanao; Sulu; Basilan; Philippines
1.7 1.7.12	Promoting Sustainable and Safe Cities in the BARMM through safety governance, victimization surveys, designing-out crime, and community-oriented policing	01/04/2025	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT; UNODC; UNOPS	-	\$ 8,964,726	\$ 0		BARMM; Region IX; Philippines
1.7 1.7.13	Supporting Transition Planning and Establishment of the New Marawi City Jail	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNODC	Australia	\$ 100,000	\$ 90,817	MILG	BARMM; Philippines
1.7 1.7.14	Young Leaders for Online PCVE in Southeast Asia	31/03/2024	31/12/2024	UNOCT	Australia	\$ 205,490	\$ 18,208		Philippines

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
2.1 2.1.01	Technical Assistance to the Department of Trade and Industry on Industrial Deep Decarbonization for the Cement and Steel Industries	01/07/2025	31/12/2028	UNIDO	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 1,940,000	\$ 0	DTI	Philippines
2.1 2.1.02	Technical assistance, policy advisory and capacity building to the Department of Trade and Industry on leveraging Fourth Industrial Revolution (4IR) technologies and business models for inclusive and sustainable industrial development in priority industry sectors	01/06/2025	31/12/2028	UNIDO	Philippines DTI	\$ 3,020,000	\$ 0	DTI	Philippines
2.1 2.1.03	Technical support on enhancing productivity and resiliency of aquaculture/fisheries in BARMM through Digital Village Initiative	01/12/2024	31/05/2026	FAO	FAO	\$ 217,000	\$ 217,000		Philippines; BARMM
2.1 2.1.04	Technical Assistance, policy advisory and capacity building to support inclusive agribusiness development for human security in BARM	01/01/2024	31/12/2026	UNIDO	EU	\$ 2,816,894	\$ 2,816,894	MAFAR	BARMM; Maguindanao; Sulu; Tawi-Tawi; Philippines; Lanao del Sur; Basilan
2.1 2.1.05	Technical Support on the enhancement of agriculture information system for agrarian reform beneficiaries in the Philippines ('Kumustasaka')	01/01/2024	30/06/2024	FAO	FAO	\$ 237,000	\$ 237,000	DA	Region III; Philippines
2.1 2.1.06	Strengthened capacities of the Philippine government and the private sector in implementing and benefitting from a well-functioning National Quality Infrastructure, ensuring alignment of quality management and food safety systems with international best practices, including for exported products.	01/03/2024	31/12/2026	ITC; UNIDO	Switzerland; EU	\$ 235,376	\$ 169,610	DTI	Philippines
2.1 2.1.07	Strengthened trade facilitation capacity to implement the Customs Modernization and Tariffs Act (CMTA) and WTO Trade Facilitation Agreement (WTO TFA)	01/01/2024	28/02/2025	ITC	EU	\$ 90,000	\$ 90,000	DTI	Philippines
2.1 2.1.08	Increased trade of Philippine women-owned MSMEs through e-commerce	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	ITC	UK	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	DTI	Philippines
2.1 2.1.09	Increased capacities of the Government and private operators to identify and implement export priorities	01/01/2024	28/02/2025	ITC	EU	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,000	DTI	Philippines
2.1 2.1.10	Increased capacities of government to improve the enabling environment to promote the creation and growth of sustainable enterprises and responsible business conduct to achieve decent work, including facilitating the transition of enterprises and the workers they employ to formality and creating decent work in rural areas	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	ILO	Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation; Belgium; Denmark; France; Germany; Italy; Japan; Luxembourg; Norway; ILO; JP Morgan	\$ 1,577,408	\$ 1,564,908	DOLE; DTI	Region IV-A; BARMM; Region I; Region VI; Region VII; Region IX; Region III; Philippines; Region VIII; Region XI
2.1 2.1.11	Support capacity development of SMEs with enhanced understanding of and knowledge on ICT and telecommunication standardization through ITU's standardization programmes and improve the SMEs' competitiveness and integration into global supply chains in a digitalized	01/01/2024	31/12/2024	ITU	Cisco Systems, Inc	\$ 0	\$ 0	DICT	NCR; Philippines



Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
	economy. This is in line with the Philippines programmatic engagement with Startups and SMEs under the Policy Incubator for Digital Innovation (PIDI).								
2.1 2.1.12	Capacity building of government officials and stakeholders through programs under ITU Academy, Toolkits and Frameworks, ICT Database, International Cooperation inter alia to enable the development of universal connectivity and digital transformation.	01/01/2024	31/12/2024	ITU	Japan	\$ 0	\$ 0	DICT	NCR; Philippines
2.1 2.1.13	Support smallholder farmers and cooperatives in obtaining access to services to increase agricultural production, aggregate marketable surpluses, reduce post-harvest losses, access markets and leverage linkages to government sponsored nutrition sensitive social protection programmes (SAMS)	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	WFP	Ireland; Philippines; Switzerland; Japan	\$ 7,559,787	\$ 1,137,974	DA, LGUs, MTIT	Philippines
2.1 2.1.14	Development of digital agrarian reform communities	20/12/2024	30/06/2026	FAO	FAO	\$ 197,000	\$ 0		Philippines
2.1 2.1.15	Enhanced capacities of institutions/organizations to improve access and provision of services, goods and/or resources, including financial services, for women and women entrepreneurs, as well as other marginalized groups, to support climate-resilient livelihoods, including by mobilizing investment in renewable energy and leveraging appropriate financing instruments.	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	UN Women	New Zealand	\$ 129,200	\$ 129,200	CCC; DENR; OCD	Philippines
2.1 2.1.16	Improved labour migration practices through a Migration, Business and Human Rights (MBHR) Approach	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	IOM	EU; Sweden	\$ 369,898	\$ 0	DMW	Philippines
2.1 2.1.17	Technical assistance to women and young social entrepreneurs to enhance their economic opportunities	01/06/2024	30/12/2028	UNDP	Australia; UNDP	\$ 5,967,500	\$ 201,426	DTI	Philippines
2.1 2.1.18	Farmers-Fisherfolks' Advancement and Integration to Resilient Value Chains in BARMM (FAIR-VALUE)	01/01/2024	11/09/2026	FAO; IOM; ITC	EU; FAO	\$ 3,286,748	\$ 3,037,748	MAFAR	Philippines
2.1 2.1.19	Inclusive, Competitive and Responsible Digital Philippines (Digital-PINAS)	01/09/2024	31/12/2026	ILO; ITC; UNDP	Joint SDG Fund	\$ 3,000,450	\$ 2,504,977		Philippines
2.1 2.1.20	Support to Agriculture and Agribusiness Enterprises in Mindanao for Sustainable Development	01/01/2024	30/06/2024	FAO	Republic of Korea	\$ 5,970,807	\$ 5,970,807	Philippines BARMM Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries, and Agrarian Reform	
2.1 2.1.21	The Project for the Development of Sustainable Fishery Value Chains in the BARMM	01/04/2025	31/03/2027	FAO	FAO	\$ 4,744,759	\$ 0		Philippines
2.2 2.2.01	Technical assistance, policy advisory and capacity building for the Board of Investments to create an enabling environment for public and private sector investment to accelerating the adoption and	01/01/2024	30/06/2027	UNIDO	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 3,930,000	\$ 3,930,000	DTI	Philippines

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
	scale-up of electric mobility for low-carbon city development in the Philippines								
2.2 2.2.02	Technical assistance, policy advisory and pilot demonstration to select TSD Facility and hospitals to reduce U-POPs and Mercury through environmentally sound approach on health care wastes management in the Philippines	01/01/2024	29/02/2028	UNIDO	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 5,030,000	\$ 5,030,000	DENR	Manila City; NCR; Philippines
2.2 2.2.03	Technical assistance, policy advisory, and investment promotion to Department of Agriculture on eco-friendly crop protection solutions for persistent organic pollutant and highly hazardous pesticide reduction in Asia	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNIDO	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 3,900,000	\$ 3,900,000	DA	Tarlac; Region III; Philippines
2.2 2.2.04	RAPID Project activities implemented to address financing requirements of small farmers and MSMEs	01/01/2024	30/09/2025	IFAD	Philippines	\$ 19,000,000	\$ 19,000,000	DOF	Compostela Valley; Region VIII; Sarangani; BARM; Region IX; Davao del Norte; Agusan del Norte; Leyte; Davao Occidental; Sultan Kudarat; Region X; Cotabato; Surigao del Sur; Maguindanao; Region XI; Philippines; Southern Leyte; Northern Samar; Zamboanga Sibugay; Zamboanga del Sur; Zamboanga del Norte; Davao Oriental; Davao del Sur; Agusan del Sur; Region XIII; Region XII; Misamis Oriental; BUKidnon; Lanao del Norte
2.2 2.2.05	VISTA Project activities implemented to address financing requirements of small farmers and MSMEs	10/07/2024	31/12/2028	IFAD	Philippines	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 10,000,000	DOF	Cotabato; Mountain Province; Philippines; Sarangani; Sultan Kudarat; South Cotabato; Kalinga; Ifugao; Abra; Benguet; Region XII; CAR; Apayao
2.2 2.2.06	Strengthened local resource mobilisation, including through international support to the Philippines through creation of Project preparation facility.	11/02/2025	31/12/2028	UNOPS	UNOPS	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 0	Government of Philippines	Philippines
2.2 2.2.07	Improved transportation system and strengthened capacity of the DOTR in procuring the technical consultancies.	11/02/2025	31/12/2025	UNOPS	Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank	\$ 500,000	\$ 0	DOTr	Philippines
2.2 2.2.08	Technical assistance to DoTr in resource mobilisation for safe and sustainable road system in the Philippines	11/02/2025	31/12/2028	UNOPS	UNOPS	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 0	DOTr	Philippines
2.2 2.2.09	Technical Assistance to DOTr by providing technical advisory services under the Infrastructure Preparation and Innovation Facility	11/02/2025	31/12/2025	UNOPS	World Bank	\$ 250,000	\$ 0	DOTr	Philippines
2.2 2.2.10	Strengthening capacities of public and private institutions to mobilize investment for SDGs	31/12/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	Multi Donor Trust Fund; Temasek Foundation; UNDP	\$ 9,631,619	\$ 77,000	DTI; SEC	Philippines
2.2 2.2.11	Support to development of national innovation and investment plans for aquaculture transformation (NIIPs), and the monitoring system in Asia and the Pacific region (ATMS)	01/12/2024	30/11/2025	FAO	FAO	\$ 15,000	\$ 0		Philippines
2.2 2.2.12	Modernizing and transforming aquaculture in the Philippines through stimulating innovation, investment and partnership	20/12/2024	31/12/2025	FAO	FAO	\$ 211,000	\$ 211,000		Philippines

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
2.3 2.3.01	Increased capacities and technical assistance to support government and social partners in the application of latest labour statistical standards and measurement of decent work indicators	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	ILO	ILO	\$ 400,000	\$ 30,000	PSA	Philippines
2.3 2.3.02	Implementing Responsible Recruitment Due Diligence in Global Supply Chains	01/01/2024	19/01/2026	IOM	IOM	\$ 1,443,461	\$ 1,371,461	DMW	Philippines
2.3 2.3.03	Strengthening migration governance through technical assistance to the Department of Migrant Workers	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	IOM	IDF	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	DMW	Philippines
2.3 2.3.05	Increased capacities of the government to develop and implement comprehensive employment policy frameworks and programmes linked to skills development, industrialization, and job creation, including youth and other vulnerable groups; encompassing green, digital, care, and other emerging sector.	01/01/2024	31/12/2026	ILO; UNIDO	ILO	\$ 585,115	\$ 166,000	DOLE	Philippines
2.3 2.3.06	Supporting the acceleration of decent job creation and enhancing social protection for just transition in the Philippines	19/09/2024	19/09/2025	ILO; UNDP; UNICEF	Joint SDG Fund	\$ 200,000	\$ 0		Philippines
2.3 2.3.07	Protect and Invest in the Filipino Workforce	01/01/2025	31/12/2026	ILO; UNDP; UNICEF	Joint SDG Fund	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000		Philippines
2.3 2.3.08	A gender-responsive enabling environment for socio-economic inclusion, including education and livelihoods for refugees/asylum seekers and stateless individuals, are in place.	01/01/2025	31/12/2028	UNHCR	UNHCR	\$ 80,000	\$ 10,000		Philippines; NCR
2.4 2.4.01	Technical Assistance and Support to Enable Sustainable and Resilient Livelihood in Informal Settlement and Community of Tondo.	01/06/2025	31/12/2028	UNIDO	UNIDO	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 0	Philippines City of Manila	Manila City; NCR; Philippines
2.4 2.4.02	Increased capacities of government and social partners to establish or strengthen institutions and processes for social dialogue, including those that promote collective bargaining, workplace cooperation and the effective prevention and resolution of labour disputes	01/01/2024	31/03/2028	ILO	EU; Canada	\$ 160,000	\$ 75,000	DOLE	Philippines
2.4 2.4.03	Increased capacities of government and social partners to respect, promote and realize fundamental principles and rights at work with particular attention to a safe and healthy working environment, non-discrimination, freedom of association and collective bargaining, including labour law reforms and labour laws compliance	01/01/2024	31/03/2028	ILO	EU; Canada; Japan; USA	\$ 1,694,666	\$ 1,694,665	DOLE; DOH	Philippines
2.4 2.4.04	Increased capacities of government and social partners in the ratification and effective application international labour standards	01/01/2024	31/03/2028	ILO	EU; Canada; Japan; USA	\$ 337,064	\$ 337,064	DOLE	Philippines
2.4 2.4.05	Increased knowledge and capacities of institutions/organizations, including the private sector, to accelerate business action for gender equality and women's empowerment by adopting/implementing	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	UN Women	Australia; Nokia Global Partnership	\$ 147,500	\$ 137,500	DTI	Philippines

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
	gender-responsive policies and practices that foster enabling, rights-based, and inclusive working environment and support equal opportunities for women's advancement in work and business.								
2.4 2.4.06	Building Climate Resilience Against Trafficking and Exploitation (CREATE)	01/01/2024	31/03/2025	IOM	UK	\$ 631,555	\$ 510,500	LGUs	Philippines; Region V
2.4 2.4.07	Local capacities enhanced to support peacebuilding and livelihood in BARMM	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	EU; Japan; UNDP	\$ 9,402,131	\$ 5,114,913	BPDA; MBHTE; MILG	Lanao del Sur; Philippines; Region XII; Lanao del Norte; Zamboanga del Norte; Cotabato; Sultan Kudarat; Maguindanao; BARMM; Region X; Region IX
2.4 2.4.08	Increased capacities of government and social partners to develop and implement effective fair and effective labour migration frameworks and practices	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	ILO; IOM	EU	\$ 713,400	\$ 593,400	DMW	Philippines; NCR; Region XIII
2.4 2.4.09	Local Capacities enhanced and sustainable livelihoods provided to ensure improvement of the overall well-being of Sama Bajaus, communities with unregistered children and former combatants and their families in BARMM	01/05/2024	31/12/2025	UNHCR	Japan	\$ 717,256	\$ 517,256	MSSD	Philippines; BARMM
2.4 2.4.10	Implementing the Small-Scale Fisheries Guidelines for gender-equitable and climate-resilient food systems and livelihoods - Phase 2	01/04/2024	31/12/2025	FAO	FAO	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000		Philippines
3.1 3.1.01	Risk-Informed Planning and Investment Programming, SHIELD	01/01/2024	31/12/2026	UN-HABITAT	Australia	\$ 1,040,000	\$ 1,040,000	DILG	Philippines
3.1 3.1.02	Enhancement of Provincial Development and Physical Framework Plan (PDPFP) Guidelines, SHIELD	01/01/2024	31/12/2026	UN-HABITAT	Australia	\$ 260,000	\$ 260,000	DHSUD	Philippines
3.1 3.1.03	Gender-responsive knowledge and skills building for the Department of Human Settlements and Urban Development, Department of Interior and Local Government, and Department of Environmental and Natural Resources on urban ecosystem-based adaptation EbA) policy formulation, implementation, and monitoring, evaluation, and learning	01/02/2024	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	Germany	\$ 956,560	\$ 956,560	LGUs	Philippines
3.1 3.1.04	Capacity development and technical assistance to provincial LGU planning committees on integrating Urban EbA into local plans and policies, and local investment programming and budgeting	01/02/2024	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	Germany	\$ 1,195,700	\$ 956,560	LGUs	Misamis Oriental; BUKidnon; Antique; Oriental Mindoro; Region VI; Philippines; Iloilo; Region X; Region IV-B
3.1 3.1.05	Capacity development and technical assistance to community organizations in the design of community-based urban EbA projects	01/02/2024	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	Germany	\$ 1,076,128	\$ 1,076,128	LGUs	Region X; Misamis Oriental; Region VI; Iloilo; Oriental Mindoro; Region IV-B; Philippines
3.1 3.1.06	Capacity building activities to Surigao local government Technical Staff and Badjao women on applying nature-based solution, circular economy and blue-green livelihood favouring the humanitarian-development nexus, environmental sustainability and adaptation to climate change	01/01/2024	31/05/2025	UN-HABITAT	Spain	\$ 12,780	\$ 12,780	DHSUD; LGUs	Philippines

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
3.1 3.1.07	Increasing resilience of vulnerable settlements to climate change-induced floods and landslides in Southern Leyte Philippines by constructing green-gray infrastructure and livelihoods	01/01/2026	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	UN-HABITAT	\$ 8,000,000	\$ 0	LGUs	Philippines; Southern Leyte; Region VIII
3.1 3.1.08	Capacity development support for urban dimensions of the NAP	01/07/2025	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	UN-HABITAT	\$ 990,000	\$ 0	DHSUD	Philippines
3.1 3.1.09	Integrating climate risk analytics to support risk-informed planning and investment programming (DENR IPRR)	05/01/2026	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	UN-HABITAT	\$ 1,475,000	\$ 0	DHSUD; DENR; DILG	Philippines
3.1 3.1.10	Technical assistance and provision of infrastructure and services to harness the Water-Energy-Food Nexus as a strategic approach to combat and adapt to climate change impacts in Tawi-Tawi in BARMM	01/07/2025	31/12/2028	UNIDO	Adaptation Fund	\$ 6,688,976	\$ 0	MinDA	BARMM; Tawi-Tawi; Philippines
3.1 3.1.11	Technical Assistance to the Philippine Government on the continuous development of the Hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs) phase out management plan	01/06/2024	31/12/2028	UNIDO	Montreal Protocol	\$ 4,612,546	\$ 4,612,546	DENR	Philippines
3.1 3.1.12	Technical assistance to the Department of Agriculture to strengthen climate resilience and food security through south-south cooperation in adaptive rice production	01/06/2025	31/12/2028	UNIDO	Adaptation Fund	\$ 6,889,750	\$ 0	DA	Philippines
3.1 3.1.13	Capacity building and policy support to the Philippine Government on low carbon economy, particularly on climate-smart industries and service under transformative actions for climate and ecological protection and development	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNIDO	Germany	\$ 3,240,000	\$ 3,240,000	DTI	Philippines
3.1 3.1.14	Women and girls, especially those with disabilities and from indigenous communities, young people, people of diverse SOGIESC access affordable FP, MH, HIV, post-abortion care, and GBV response services especially during climate- and conflict-induced and pandemic emergencies (UNFPA 4.1)	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	Australia; UNFPA	\$ 3,959,406	\$ 1,629,564	DOH; DSWD; DepEd; DILG; PhilHealth; LGUs; MOH; MSSD; MILG; MBHTE	Philippines; Region VIII; NCR; BARMM
3.1 3.1.15	Local government units have increased capacities to provide comprehensive SRHR/GBV services during climate- and conflict-induced and pandemic emergencies, including through partnerships and agreements with local CSOs/NGOs (UNFPA 4.2)	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	Australia; UNFPA	\$ 5,970,459	\$ 4,243,428	DOH; DSWD; DepEd; DILG; PhilHealth; LGUs; MOH; MSSD; MILG; MBHTE	Region VIII; BARMM; Philippines
3.1 3.1.16	Cross-donor, government, CSOs and private sector platforms are established/reinforced for sharing analysis and data on good practices on HDP nexus, coordination of the implementation of the strategic plans and resource pooling (UNFPA 4.3)	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNFPA	Australia; UNFPA	\$ 2,943,165	\$ 593,332	DOH; DSWD; DepEd; DILG; PhilHealth; LGUs; MOH; MSSD; MILG; MBHTE	Region VIII; BARMM; Philippines
3.1 3.1.18	Adapting Philippine Agriculture to Climate Change	01/01/2024	28/02/2028	FAO	The Green Climate Fund	\$ 22,644,310	\$ 22,644,310	DA; DOST - PAGASA	Philippines
3.1 3.1.19	Promote an enhanced monitoring of the progress in disaster risk reduction through Sendai Framework Monitor	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDRR	Australia	\$ 25,000	\$ 2,500	NDRRMC; DDENR; DOST; PSA	NCR; Philippines

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
3.1 3.1.20	Support national and local governments to integrate inclusive climate and disaster risk reduction in development planning and implementation, and enhance city-to-city learning	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDRR	Australia	\$ 162,196	\$ 25,696	DENR; NDRRMC; DOST; DILG; LGUs	Quezon; CAR; Philippines; NCR; Region IV-A; Region X; NCR, Second District; Iligan City
3.1 3.1.21	Promote the Philippines role in South-South and Triangular Cooperation in disaster risk reduction in the region	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDRR	Australia	\$ 493,783	\$ 473,783	NDRRMC; DENR; DOST	NCR; Philippines
3.1 3.1.22	Technical support to enhance national capacity to prevent, detect and respond to chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear (CBRN) disaster risks	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNICRI	EU; Canada; UK	\$ 0	\$ 0	DILG; Anti-Terrorism Council	Philippines
3.1 3.1.23	Strengthen and augment the Government's and partners' emergency preparedness capacity along with appropriate supply chains and emergency telecommunications (Activity 2-CSP).	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	WFP	Australia; DICT; USA; WFPMD	\$ 24,139,369	\$ 8,285,853	DSWD; LGUs; MSSD; Philippines Office of Civil Defense	Region XIII; BARMM; Philippines; Region II; Region V
3.1 3.1.24	Provide integrated resilience building activities for targeted communities and support the Government in managing climate, economic and conflict-related risks and enhancing food value chains. (Activity 3-CSP)	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	WFP	Ireland; Philippines; Switzerland; Japan; Spain; Global Climate Fund	\$ 24,569,312	\$ 4,885,516	CCC; DBM; DENR; DOF; DILG; DOST; DSWD; LGUs; BPDA; Philippines Office of Civil Defense	Philippines; Region II; BARMM; Region V; Region VII
3.1 3.1.25	Climate Action and Resilience Building/DRR	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	UNICEF France; Global Humanitarian Response Fund; Canada; UNICEF; USA	\$ 4,848,000	\$ 330,266	CCC; DENR; DOST; DOE; TESDA	Philippines
3.1 3.1.26	Climate Resilient WASH	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	Australia; New Zealand; Spain; UK; UNICEF; OCHA	\$ 12,474,140	\$ 1,034,702	DOH; DepEd; DOST; NEDA	Philippines
3.1 3.1.27	BARMM WASH & Climate Action	01/03/2024	31/12/2028	UNICEF	EU; Spain; Republic of Korea; UNICEF	\$ 5,834,800	\$ 369,143	MSSD; BPDA	BARMM; Maguindanao; Basilan; Philippines; Tawi-Tawi; Sulu; Lanao del Sur
3.1 3.1.28	Women leaders and CSOs working on GEWE, including women's organizations, have enhanced capacities to engage and influence institutions, policymakers and decisionmakers on climate change adaptation and mitigation, sustainable management of natural resources, and DRR	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	UN Women	New Zealand	\$ 228,400	\$ 228,400	CCC; DENR; OCD	Philippines
3.1 3.1.29	Increased awareness and capacities of individuals, institutions at all levels, and communities to adopt and promote attitudes, norms and practices that advance GEWE, including those that promote women's leadership in climate action, RE and DRR, and address discriminatory behaviour and combat gender stereotypes	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	UN Women	New Zealand	\$ 106,889	\$ 106,889	CCC; DENR; OCD	Philippines
3.1 3.1.30	Improved capacities of individuals and institutions at all levels and communities/networks for increased action on gender responsive climate resilience, inclusive and just transition to low-carbon, disaster risk reduction and management, and renewable energy policies, strategies, and	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	UN Women	New Zealand	\$ 193,271	\$ 193,271	CCC; DENR; OCD	Philippines



Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
	plans, including through leveraging innovative financing and investment with a gender lens								
3.1 3.1.31	Capacity-building Support to the Government of Philippines for Improved Emergency Preparedness and Response	01/01/2024	31/03/2026	IOM	USA	\$ 1,638,187	\$ 1,638,187	DHSUD; DSWD; MSSD; PCG	Philippines
3.1 3.1.32	Technical support for WASH and health facility greening and resilience to climate change	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	WHO	WHO	\$ 645,000	\$ 49,000	DOF	Philippines
3.1 3.1.33	Capacity building and policy support for NGAs and provincial governments for improved risk-development planning and implementation	01/01/2024	28/09/2028	UNDP	Australia	\$ 10,643,791	\$ 10,808,481	DILG	Philippines
3.1 3.1.34	Capacity building and policy support for Coastal Resilience	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	The Global Environment Facility; The Green Climate Fund	\$ 17,900,000	\$ 2,950,000	DENR	Region V; Philippines; Region VIII; Region XIII
3.1 3.1.35	Post earthquake technical standard enhancement on the conservation and protection of Heritage houses and structures in Vigan World Heritage Site Philippines	01/01/2024	18/08/2024	UNESCO	Heritage Emergency Fund	\$ 76,100	\$ 76,100	LGUs	Ilocos Sur; Region I; Philippines
3.1 3.1.36	Capacity building and policy support for improved integration of climate change in Public Financial Management (PFM) systems	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	Canada; UNDP	\$ 3,766,460	\$ 2,816,714	DOH; IACEH; LGUs; MOH; DENR; CCC	Philippines
3.1 3.1.39	Loss and damage from climate change - agriculture sector readiness	01/01/2025	31/12/2026	FAO	FAO	\$ 62,659	\$ 0		Philippines
3.1 3.1.40	Building knowledge and capacity of Government stakeholders on the migration and climate change nexus	01/04/2025	30/03/2028	IOM	IOM	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 0		Philippines
3.1 3.1.41	Empowering migrant communities of origin towards climate resilience	01/04/2025	01/11/2025	IOM	IOM	\$ 150,000	\$ 0		Philippines
3.1 3.1.42	Operational Foresight and Supporting Local Preparedness in the Context of Climate Displacement	01/05/2024	30/04/2026	IOM	EU	\$ 310,000	\$ 170,000		Philippines
3.1 3.1.43	Philippines: Agriculture Sector Readiness for enhanced climate finance and implementation of Koronivia Joint Work on Agriculture priorities in Southeast Asia	01/01/2024	28/01/2026	FAO	FAO	\$ 0	\$ 0		Philippines
3.1 3.1.44	The Nexus approach to transformative climate resilience, peace and human mobility in the BARMM	29/06/2024	31/03/2025	IOM	UK	\$ 280,000	\$ 280,000		BARMM; Philippines
3.1 3.1.45	Capacities of the Sama Bajau communities strengthened for improved climate resilience through evidence-based and risk-informed research/study.	01/04/2025	31/12/2026	UNHCR	Japan	\$ 20,000	\$ 14,000		Philippines; BARMM
3.1 3.1.46	Enabling just energy transition at the national and local level, in support of NDC and renewable energy targets	01/03/2025	01/03/2026	UNDP	Japan	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000		Philippines
3.1 3.1.47	Technical Assistance to DPWH by providing procurement and technical advisory services	01/04/2025	30/06/2026	UNOPS	Philippines	\$ 3,450,000	\$ 0	DPWH	Philippines
3.2 3.2.01	Capacity development support for urban dimensions of the NDC	01/07/2025	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	UN-HABITAT	\$ 990,000	\$ 0	DENR, DHSUD	Philippines
3.2 3.2.02	Sustainable mobility strategies for improved access and safety of vulnerable communities	01/01/2026	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	UN-HABITAT	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 0	DHSUD; DPWH; DOST; DENR; DOE; DILG	Philippines



Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
3.2 3.2.03	Technical assistance and support to Philippine Government and food and beverage sector in developing sustainable policies and resource-efficient systems in plastics	15/08/2024	31/12/2028	UNIDO	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 9,115,333	\$ 9,115,333	DENR	NCR; Philippines
3.2 3.2.04	Technical support to government and social partners in developing integrated policy measures to facilitate a just transition towards environmentally sustainable economies and societies through decent work	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	ILO	EU; Japan; ILO	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 739,373	DOLE	Philippines
3.2 3.2.05	Southeast Asia Energy Transition Partnership	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNOPS	Children's Investment Fund Foundation; Australia; Canada; France; Germany; UK; Sequoia Foundation	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	DOE, DOE -ERC, DOE - PEMC, DOE - NEA	Philippines
3.2 3.2.06	Reduction of POPs and UPOPs through the implementation of Green Chemistry (GC) initiatives in micro, small and medium-sized enterprises in priority manufacturing sectors	01/01/2024	31/12/2027	UNDP	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 6,262,500	\$ 6,262,500	BOC	NCR; Region IV-A; Philippines
3.2 3.2.07	Enhancing capacities and practices of local government units (LGUs) in transitioning towards a circular economy in collaboration with private and civil society organizations, with focus on youth and gender equality.	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	Coca Cola Foundation; EU; World Economic Forum	\$ 25,191,676	\$ 22,944,307	DILG; LGUs; DENR	Philippines
3.2 3.2.08	Technical Assistance and support to the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, LGUs, electric cooperatives, and waste-pickers in harnessing the socio-economic opportunities brought about by safe PCB and e-waste management practices	01/01/2024	31/10/2024	UNIDO	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 399,044	\$ 399,044		Philippines
3.2 3.2.09	Technical Assistance and support to the Department of Environment and Natural Resources for Improving the Food Cold Chain in the Philippines through adoption of climate-smart technologies	01/01/2024	30/06/2024	UNIDO	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 38,761	\$ 38,761		Philippines
3.2 3.2.10	Strengthening capacity of policy makers to mobilize investment for resilient and low emission agrifood systems in Asia under Article 6 of the UNFCCC Paris Agreement	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	FAO	FAO	\$ 30,763	\$ 30,763		Philippines
3.2 3.2.11	EmPower: Women for Climate-Resilient Societies Phase II	01/01/2024	31/12/2027	UNEP; UN Women	New Zealand	\$ 700,000	\$ 0	DoE; CCC	Philippines
3.3 3.3.01	Support to community organizations in the implementation of community-based urban EbA projects	01/02/2024	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	Germany	\$ 1,528,376	\$ 1,528,376	LGUs	Iloilo; Antique; Misamis Oriental; Region IV-B; Oriental Mindoro; Region X; Region VI; Philippines; BUKidnon
3.3 3.3.02	Supporting resource-dependent island provinces/communities through blue economy integration in territorial planning and investment programming	05/01/2026	31/12/2028	UN-HABITAT	UN-HABITAT	\$ 4,850,000	\$ 0	BPDA; LGUs	BARMM; Philippines
3.3 3.3.05	Sustainable Management of Natural Resources towards Rehabilitation and Preservation of the Key Biodiversity Area along Bataan Province to Manila Bay	01/01/2024	30/06/2027	FAO	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 2,731,050	\$ 0	DENR	Region III; Philippines

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
3.3 3.3.06	Enhancing biodiversity, maintaining ecosystem flows, enhancing carbon stocks through sustainable land management and the restoration of degraded forestlands	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	FAO	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 1,385,856	\$ 1,319,863	DENR	Region XIII; Region III; Philippines
3.3 3.3.07	VISTA Project activities implemented to address financing requirements of small farmers and MSMEs	10/07/2024	31/12/2028	IFAD	Philippines	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000	DOF	Apayao; Ifugao; Mountain Province; Sarangani; Sultan Kudarat; South Cotabato; Cotabato; Kalinga; Abra; Benguet; Region XII; CAR; Philippines
3.3 3.3.08	Implementing the Strategic Action Programme for the South China Sea	01/01/2024	31/12/2026	UNEP	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 822,644	\$ 822,644	DENR	Philippines
3.3 3.3.09	Embedding and scaling up the contributions of indigenous peoples and local communities (IPLCs) to the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity: towards transformative change	01/01/2024	31/05/2028	UNEP	Germany (International Climate Initiative of the German Environment Ministry)	\$ 0	\$ 0	DENR	Philippines
3.3 3.3.10	Reducing marine litter by addressing the management of the plastic value chain in Southeast Asia (SEA circular)	01/01/2024	31/12/2024	UNEP	Sweden	\$ 223,000	\$ 223,000	DENR	Philippines
3.3 3.3.11	GEF Natural Capital Accounting and Assessment: Informing development planning, sustainable tourism development and other incentives for improved conservation and sustainable landscapes	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNEP	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 3,502,968	\$ 3,502,968	DENR	Philippines
3.3 3.3.12	GEF GOLD Mongolia and the Philippines: Contribution Towards the Elimination of Mercury in the ASGM Sector: From Miners to Refiners	01/01/2024	30/09/2025	UNEP; UNIDO	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 1,341,828	\$ 1,341,828	DENR; LGUs	Philippines; Region V; Region I
3.3 3.3.13	Support to DENR on operationalizing integrated management of biodiversity corridors to generate multiple benefits including effective conservation of globally threatened species and high conservation value forests, reduce deforestation and degradation and enhance local biodiversity-friendly livelihoods.	01/01/2024	31/12/2027	UNDP	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 4,700,000	\$ 4,635,136	DENR	Davao Oriental; Region XIII; Davao Occidental; Oriental Mindoro; Occidental Mindoro; Agusan del Norte; Region XI; Philippines; Region IV-B; Davao del Norte; Surigao del Sur; Agusan del Sur; Surigao del Norte
3.3 3.3.14	Strengthening the national Access and Benefit Sharing (ABS) framework, building national and local capacities, and developing critical experience in ABS agreements.	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 3,160,000	\$ 3,160,000	DENR	Region III; Region V; Philippines
3.3 3.3.15	National policy framework implementation and capacity strengthening for Department of Agriculture to create an enabling environment for the realization of the national Land Degradation Neutrality targets and to mainstream biodiversity-friendly agricultural practices in the Cagayan de Oro river basin	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 2,990,000	\$ 3,210,000	DENR	BUKidnon; Philippines; Region X; Iligan City
3.3 3.3.16	Technical Support to marine turtle and dugong conservation efforts in Southern Mindanao region	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 2,639,726	\$ 2,639,726	DA	Region XI; Philippines; Davao Oriental; Davao Occidental
3.3 3.3.17	Technical support to update the Philippine Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan and prepare the 7th National Report.	01/01/2024	31/12/2025	UNDP	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 209,500	\$ 209,500	DENR	Philippines

Code	Sub-Output	Start date	End date	Agencies	Contributing partners	Required	Available	Gov't. counterpart	Geography
3.3 3.3.18	Capacity building and technical and grant assistance for local CSOs/CBOs in landscape-seascape approaches	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 8,064,162	\$ 3,263,055	DENR	Region VIII; Aurora; Philippines; Region III; Region IV-B; Region XIII; Surigao del Norte
3.3 3.3.19	Technical support for Integrated Seascape and Landscape Management for Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services and Climate Resilience in Small Islands	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	DENR	Region VIII; Dinagat Islands; Marinduque; Philippines; Region IV-B; Southern Leyte; Region II; Region XIII
3.3 3.3.20	Implementation of Sustainable Cities Integrated Program in Six Major Cities in the Philippines	01/06/2025	31/12/2028	UNDP	The Global Environment Facility	\$ 300,000	\$ 0	DILG	Philippines; Region VI; Region XI; NCR; BARMM; CAR
3.3 3.3.21	Capacity Building for Indigenous Women and Girls on Leadership and Empowerment in Ancestral Domains	01/01/2024	31/12/2028	UNDP	New Zealand	\$ 4,156,384	\$ 628,384	NCIP	Philippines; Region XI

### 7.3 Government of the Philippines (GPH) Feedback Monitoring Tool

The matrix below summarizes the feedback on the 2024 JWP provided by the Government of the Philippines (GPH) through: (a) written comments provided by NEDA on 13 August 2024; and (b) extracted from minutes of the three CF Joint Results Group (JRG) meetings held in Q4 2024. The monitoring tool is used to track actions taken on feedback provided by the GPH to ensure responsiveness and accountability of the UNCT.

Progress on each comment is indicated in the Status column as follows:

**Actions taken/completed**

**On-going**

**No progress to date**

#### General

#### NEDA Comments and Recommendations on CF JWP

Comments and Recommendations	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
JWP to prioritize and focus on lagging SDG indicators	RCO conducted analysis of 2025 JWP: Over 2/3 of UN's available resources for 2025 (a total of \$225m of \$371m) are invested on SDG targets that are 'regressing' (\$122m of \$225m) and 'needs acceleration/ stagnating' (\$103m of \$225m).	All	
To foster complementarity with GoP efforts, capture and map out all operational activities and interventions per outcome and ensure activities' alignment with the specific outcome of the CF.	JWP follows UN corporate structure and guidance. "Sub-outputs" group multiple related / interconnected activities and are directly linked to specific CF outcomes; listing all specific individual activities and interventions would make JWP unwieldy and too lengthy. To increase clarity, UN entities outlined activities and/or added reference to projects under "description" field for ease of tracking and cross-referencing.	All	
Exclude activities supported by loans in the JWP, as release may be contingent on projects' accomplishment.	JWPs are required to include all UN activities in support of development in the country, including support with the implementation of loans, which is also reflective of the changing UN business model and diversity in implementing modality.  To address the Government's concern, UN adjusted the JWP to appropriately reflect the source of funding in case of loans. "Government" is now reflected as the primary source, with lender (IFI) tagged as the source of the loan for tracking purpose. Sub-output title starts as [LOAN].	1.1.10 1.2.09	

Comments and Recommendations	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
Clarify contributions of individual UN agency workplans to the outcomes of the JWP	UN entity-specific workplans need to derive from CF and link to JWP. Annex 1 of the JWP 2025 Summary Document provides the current status of CF derivation entity programming instruments.	All	
Include a footnote or annex that identifies UN offices aligned with the CF, and those operating on different timelines to clarify duration and monitoring.	Annex 1 of the JWP 2025 Summary Document provides the current status of CF derivation entity programming instruments.	All	
Accurately describe status of funds by using operational definitions as 'tentatively secured', 'available', and 'to be mobilized.'	The JWP applies generic categories within the UN-INFO global corporate platform that are determined globally.	All	
NEDA also notes that Strategic Priority 2 has the lowest funding compared to Strategic Priority 1 and Strategic Priority 3. NEDA thus suggests that a modest reallocation be done in favour of increasing funding for Strategic Priority 2.	Funding volume may be reflective of nature of UN-supported interventions, which – for Outcome 2 – tend to be more policy and technical assistance-focused, compared to other Outcomes (service delivery, more costly). In most cases funding is earmarked and there is limited or no flexibility re-allocation once secured, but such consideration should guide future resource mobilization. A strategy to seek increases in funding for Outcome 2 would be to identify specific priority areas and interventions and conduct targeted joint resource mobilization or consider designing joint funding tools to attract funding for these priorities.	All	
Noted that the available resources allocated for SDG 4 and SDG 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation) are quite low vis-à-vis the other SDGs. Higher allocation be given to the two SDGs is suggested.	In most cases funding is earmarked and there is limited or no flexibility to re-allocate the existing resources. A strategy to seek increases in funding for this priority area would be to jointly highlight needs and gaps, scale up joint resource mobilization, and identify mechanisms to channel resources for the most impactful interventions.	All	

## OUTCOME 1

### Joint Results Group (UN: UNFPA, UNODC: GPH: DSWD, DOH)

JRG Feedback	GPH Agency	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
Supply chain management, digitization of healthcare	DOH	Based on the request, WHO conducted a rapid situation analysis on the requested areas and have summarized 8 areas in supply chain management and 6 areas in digital health for the government to consider. Meetings with DOH to be arranged for further discussion and confirmation the proposed areas, after which for circulation to all the UN agencies to identify joined efforts on priorities confirmed by government.	n/a	
Technology and innovation uptake through investments in education and startups	DOST	For discussion and action by Outcome Group 1 (in coordination with Outcome Group 2) once further advice and clarification is received on specifics of recommendation	n/a	
Promote innovations and foster sustainable partnerships with private-sector actors	DOST	For discussion and action by Outcome Group 1 (in coordination with Outcome Group 2) once further advice and clarification is received on specifics of recommendation	n/a	
Create evacuation centers to minimize disruption to education and establish technical guidance on temporary learning spaces	DepEd DILG	Creation of evacuation centres will be discussed with DILG as LGUs are required to set up these evacuation centres to minimize the use of schools during calamities. RA 10821 the use of schools for such purpose limits to 15 days. RA 12076 requires evacuation centres to be set up in every city/municipality. Temporary learning spaces has been addressed by DepEd which has developed a new TLS design to replace the existing guidance, but the new one needs to be approved. UNICEF will provide follow-up support with other partners in the cluster. UNICEF and DILG initially discussed to support on the technical guidelines on climate-resilient evacuation centres for 2025.	3.1.25	
Address learning losses	DepEd	DepEd finalized the Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) for the Academic Recovery and Accessible Learning (ARAL) Program Act (Republic Act No. 12028) in mid-December 2024. UNICEF and other partners have been supporting the revision and roll out of the K-10 curriculum with special focus on foundational learning of literacy and numeracy.	1.3.05	
Adolescent pregnancy, universal healthcare, digitalization, and e-commerce at the local level	DILG	DILG - Region VIII has been a part of the Regional Steering Committee for the Joint Programme on Accelerating the Reduction of Adolescent	1.1.18	



JRG Feedback	GPH Agency	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
		Pregnancy (JPAPAP) since the 2 <sup>nd</sup> quarter of 2024. At the national level, DILG was invited to the JP's 2025 Planning Session in December 2024 to explore cooperation in addressing key issues. A follow-up meeting in terms of a more specific collaboration is to be scheduled and an MOU is expected to be developed and signed.		
Early childhood education	DepEd	UNICEF supported the DepEd to convene and co-chair the ECCD Council Governing Board Meeting in December 2024 in collaboration with EDCOM2 and other government agencies. This topic will continue to be a key priority in 2025.	1.3.05	
Cross-sectoral approach to address community needs and pilot integrated projects	DOH	For discussion and action by Outcome Group 1	n/a	
Need binding instruments such as MOAs to ensure the sustainability of programs	DOH	UNFPA signed its workplan with DOH on January 2025 while the MOU is still pending. UNOPS and UNICEF have existing MOUs with DOH for PMNP. (For confirmation – status of UNDP MOU with DOH)	n/a	
Integrated coordination across subnational levels and with other development partners	DOH	UNFPA as co-chair proposes that this can be discussed with NEDA to analyze the ODA Grants Report and look out for potential points for collaboration.	n/a	

### NEDA Comments and Recommendations on CF JWP

Output	Comments and Recommendations	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
1.3 (Education)	CHED, as the lead responsible agency under the priority area of Learning and Education in NIASD, be involved as another government partner, in addition to DOLE and TESDA given the output's emphasis on the development of Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) in the country to ensure inclusiveness and responsiveness to the labour market	For discussion and action by Output Group 1.3 (Education)	n/a	
1.6 (Governance)	<p>Expand on the interventions for the strengthening of the justice sector, particularly on:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Deepening participatory governance, ensuring access to information and to elections</li> <li>2. Bolstering public accountability and integrity, including in intensifying transparency in public spending, strengthening anti-corruption laws and programs, and improving national governance assessments</li> </ol> <p>Strengthening government systems and mechanisms through rightsizing, digitalizing government functions, and enhancing productivity.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Support to Elections: UNDP is assisting COMELEC in enhancing voter education and digitalizing key electoral processes, through the organization of inception workshops with key stakeholders. Additionally, UNDP is also supporting the procurement of ICT equipment for COMELEC, including solar generators, Starlink equipment, and server, to enhance the Commission's technological capacity and resilience.</li> <li>2. Public accountability, integrity &amp; transparency: UNODC is contributing to strengthening streamlined and transparent procurement processes, automating procurement reports and advancing procurement policies by supporting the Government Procurement Policy Board with roundtable discussions and consultative meetings, contributing to the final version of the approved New Government Procurement Act. Data mapping activities supported by UNODC are further strengthening compliance with the Open Contracting Data Standard (OCDS) and enhancing interoperability between agencies.</li> <li>3. To advance beneficial ownership transparency, UNODC is providing technical assistance on amendments to the beneficial ownership policy and facilitated critical Data Sharing Agreements among relevant agencies. It also supported the development of</li> </ol>	1.6.17 1.6.31	

Output	Comments and Recommendations	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
		<p>Standard Operating Procedures on data sharing, reinforcing the framework for investigating and prosecuting corruption and financial crimes.</p> <p>4. UNODC is also advancing integrity and ethics in public institutions by supporting the development of the Code of Professional Responsibility and Accountability, and conducting consultative assessments focused on police integrity, co-organizing ethics trainings, and facilitating an essay contest for police cadets to encourage reflection and dialogue on ethical values in law enforcement. UNODC is also working with the Securities and Exchange Commission to strengthen whistleblower protection through the formulation of a Whistleblower Policy. This work will remain a priority in ongoing efforts to reinforce governance and anti-corruption measures.</p> <p>5. Digitalization of Government functions: UNDP is supporting the Ministry of Interior and Local Government in the digitalization of public services in BARMM in the LGUs of Butig and Piagapo, providing citizens with access to the #DigitalBangsamoro Portal, which offers e-services, including Application for a Business Permit and the Application for a Certificate of Live Birth.</p> <p>6. Deepening participatory governance: UN is supporting initiatives to strengthen the capacity of the Commission on Human Rights (CHR), the implementation of the Fourth Philippine Human Rights Plan and efforts to promote freedom of expression. Additionally, the UN is working to enhance human rights mainstreaming at the local level, ensuring that human rights principles are integrated into governance and policymaking processes.</p>		

## OUTCOME 2

### Joint Results Group (UN: ILO; GPH: DOLE, NEDA)

JRG Feedback	GPH Agency	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
Just Transition Programme, NAP (livelihoods/ industries)	DENR (DOLE, DOTR)	ILO is supporting the engagement of the ILO tripartite constituents (i.e. workers' and employers' organizations and DOLE) including other multi-sectoral stakeholders under the National Green Jobs HRD Plan updating with DOLE. ILO works with DOLE as one of the four agencies that are providing key inputs and sector engagement processes indicated in the Just Transition Framework roadmap. ILO coordinates with social partners (workers and employers' organizations) that have initiatives on Just Transition to ensure alignment with the current Just Transition Framework development process. ILO initiatives on Just Transition are linked to CF Output 3.2.	3.2.04	
National OSH Strategy	DOLE	ILO supported the process of tripartite development of the National OSH Strategy launched by DOLE in October 2024. Progress on the Strategy is being monitored by the Inter-Governmental Coordination and Cooperation (IGC3), created by the National OSH Law (Republic Act 11058) and the National Tripartite Industrial Peace Council (NTIPC). With support from the ILO, an action plan will be developed in 2025, particularly on key priorities, including the strengthening of systems for reporting, recording and notification of occupational accidents, illnesses and injuries.	2.4.03	
Mapping innovation facilities across ten cities	NEDA (DTI)	Innovation Infrastructure Mapping led by NEDA, supported by UNDP, was conducted in 2024. Along with the draft report, a digital platform is also currently being developed. The exercise aims to map and assess the usefulness of innovation infrastructure and develop profiles of innovation infrastructure in key areas across the country.	n/a	
Labor Employment Plan, the Trabaho para sa Bayan Act, and the Global Accelerator	DOLE (NEDA, DTI)	The Philippines joined the Global Accelerator on Jobs and Social Protection for Just Transitions (GA) as a pathfinder country. DOLE confirmed the official high-level commitment on 24 March 2024 with the aim for the Global Accelerator to support the Trabaho Para sa Bayan Act, the Labor and Employment Plan 2023-28 and the roadmap development of the construction and transportation sectors.	2.3.05 2.3.06 2.3.07 2.3.06 2.3.07	

JRG Feedback	GPH Agency	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
		ILO, UNDP and UNICEF are jointly implementing two UN Joint Programmes focusing on the development of the GA Roadmap, including its financing and M&E framework. The Inter Agency Council (IAC) established by the Trabaho Para sa Bayan Act, with representatives from government, trade unions, employers, and vulnerable groups, will serve as the GA National Steering Committee. ILO and other UN agencies will support the Technical Working Group to be created under the IAC.		
Ensure funding is reflected correctly, particularly those funded by the UN on behalf of other donors	NEDA	JWP sub-outputs trace complete funding flows and need to include all UN activities in support of development in the country, including support with the implementation of loans, regardless of the implementing modality. To address the Government's concern, UN adjusted some sub-output description the better reflect the modality on specific engagement.	all	
Involve DOF to discuss SPA application and standard processes and flag this to the JSC	NEDA	No action taken as individual cases are addressed directly with relevant government agencies.	n/a	
Consult with beneficiaries to improve the development and planning policies	NAPC	Consultation with beneficiaries is standard practice for all UN agencies. Further advice to be sought from NAPC given the generic recommendation requires further unpacking.	n/a	
Inclusion of BARMM Ministries in the JRG discussions	DFA / NEDA	For discussion with DFA and NEDA	n/a	

### NEDA Comments and Recommendations on CF JWP

Output	Comments and Recommendations	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
2.1 (Economic transformation)	Spell out environmental, social, and governance (ESG) investments.	<p>ILO is providing support to employers and business membership organizations (EBMOs), through the Employers Confederation of the Philippines (ECOP) in capacity building activities on delivering ESG services.</p> <p>ILO is supporting the strengthening of supply chain resilience and sustainability in aquaculture sector/industry by: i) enhancing data through research analysis; ii) development/enhancement of industry tools/policy advice, enhancing policy environment to promote decent work, responsible business conduct (RBC), and other social and food quality/safety standards; iii) technical assistance to help the sector/industry meet national commitments on business &amp; human rights (BHR), environmental, social and governance (ESG), among others.</p> <p>UNDP provides support to the private sector in aligning business operations and strategies for the SDGs through sustainability reporting, and impact measurement and management. Through the SDG Investor Map exercise, UNDP helps private sector determine viable investment opportunity areas that have meaningful impact for the SDGs.</p>	2.2.10	
	Include and focus the interventions on the knowledge-intensive business services (KIBS)	For discussion and action by Outcome Group 2	n/a	
	Policy study on how to streamline the various financing and interventions of the DTI to MSMEs for efficiency and effectiveness.	<p>UNIDO project with DTI for greening the MSMEs through energy efficiency is already commissioned and will consider this suggestion for the additional assessments.</p> <p>ILO conducted an assessment of women entrepreneurs' needs and available support services during COVID-19 in Malaysia, Philippines and Thailand. This looked into the financing and training programmes for MSMEs, including DTI, and how effective they were to support women-owned SMEs during COVID-19.</p>	2.2.01	



Output	Comments and Recommendations	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
	Support on policies that concern digitalization transformation, market competition, and regulatory efficiency (Amended Public Service Act, Internet Transactions Act, Philippine Competition Act, National Competition Policy, and National Policy on Regulatory Management System)	Through the capacity building interventions under the Joint Programme Digital-PINAS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ILO and ITC support national priorities embodied in the MSME Digitalization Agenda of DTI. These capacity-building interventions target MSMEs considered as digital novices but are transitioning towards enhanced digitalization.</li> <li>UNDP supports government in enhancing e-government services both at the national and local level to increase efficiency and competitiveness of MSMEs, as well as promote an enabling environment for MSME digitalisation.</li> <li>ITC, together with ILO and UNDP supports the improvement of the policy and regulatory framework in the Philippines for more conduciveness to MSME digitalization; as well as enhancing government capacity for digital service delivery to MSME through the support to digitizing key government services and streamlining processes to better support MSME needs.</li> </ul>	2.1.19	
2.2 (Investments financing)	Increase the capacity of PSA in the generation and compilation of investment satellite accounts	For discussion and action by Outcome Group 2. Meeting with PSA to be scheduled.		
Cross-cutting	Interventions also be provided for people and vulnerable groups in GIDAs, instead of focusing solely on BARMM	UN interventions are not limited or exclusively focused on BARMM. The recommendation to further expand on-going interventions to other GIDAs will be considered for discussion and action by Outcome Group 2.	n/a	
	Support to remaining policy gaps such as the Amendment to the Productivity Incentives Act, Revised National Apprenticeship and Lifelong Learning Development Act, among others. These policies are also among the priority legislative agenda of the PDP 2023-2028.	On the Lifelong Learning Development Act, the ILO has been providing continued support through technical inputs in the ongoing discussion at the Senate Subcommittee on the Philippine Qualifications Framework on the draft Senate bills institutionalizing the Lifelong Learning Development Framework. The Act is expected to be passed into law in 2025.	1.3.02	

## OUTCOME 3

### Joint Results Group (UN: UNDP; GPH: DENR, CCC)

JRG Feedback	GPH Agency	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
Financing strategies for the NDCIP & NAP	DENR	<p>UNDP is working with DOF for CF strategies; support for NAP development and financing plan; DPCG for NDC Updating focusing on wastes, industrial processes sectors, as well as the integration of NBS and Circular Economy in all sectors; participation of youth and indigenous peoples</p> <p>UN Women is working closely with DENR and CCC on the development of gender-responsive indicators for the NDCIP and the NAP. In addition, UN Women will be supporting the CCC in the development of the gender-responsive assessment tool for Philippine Survival Fund (PSF) together with the Philippine Commission on Women. Lastly, UN Women will be supporting CCC and DENR in the sectoral consultations on women and girls and develop strategies and policy recommendation in NDC including access to climate financing.</p> <p>FAO is working with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DA on Strengthening capacity of policy makers to mobilize investment for resilient and low emission agrifood systems in Asia under Article 6 of the UNFCCC Paris Agreement.</li> <li>DA and DOST-PAGASA on Adapting Philippine Agriculture to Climate Change (APA)</li> </ul> <p>FAO is also a member of the DPCG for NDC Updating, co-leading the Agriculture sector and providing support to the FOLU sector.</p> <p>UNICEF is working with CCC on localization of NAP in 2025.</p>	<p>3.1.28</p> <p>3.1.29</p> <p>3.1.30</p> <p>3.2.10</p> <p>3.1.18</p>	

JRG Feedback	GPH Agency	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
Establish a data group for data harmonization and a data warehouse for climate change and disaster risk reduction	DOST	<p>UNDP is working with DOST on interoperability and linking climate models and methods with DOST's Georisk platform; including development of resilience dashboard in SHIELD provinces, linking with DOST national platforms</p> <p>Through the Gender and Climate Change Nexus (GCCN) initiatives, UN Women is working with DENR, CCC, PCW, DOST, and OCD together with other line agency to look into the gender-responsiveness of the indicators in the NDCIP and NAP, which includes the prioritization of datasets, data mining, and understanding the data gaps by developing proxy indicators and calculations. In addition, UN Women is providing technical assistance to OCD through the NDMO in developing gender-responsive and inclusive guidelines on DRRM, which will include supporting OCD in developing response actions including anticipatory actions based on impact-based forecasting. Lastly, supporting NDMO in documenting best practices on gender-responsive and inclusive DRRM to support in advancing the Sendai Gender Action Plan.</p> <p>IOM is leading the development of new, innovative tools that seek to address the complex issue of climate change-induced displacement in Asia and the Pacific, through partnerships with leading scientists from the region, particularly the University of the Philippines Resilience Institute (UPRI). The initiative is implementing a Risk Index for Climate Displacement (RICD) to develop a predictive model for operational foresight on climate-induced migration/displacement, in coordination with CCC, DSWD, DENR. The RICD is complemented by the Climate Catalytic Fund (CCF), which is a financing tool that utilizes blended finance to support governments, local private sector, and civil society in the design and implementation of projects that address the gaps highlighted by the RICD, building on the foundation of anticipatory action, preparedness and prevention. These interventions need to be coordinated through the data group for maximizing synergies.</p> <p>UN is providing TA for selected NGAs on harmonizing data for provincial spatial and sectoral planning for climate resilience and DRR.</p> <p>UNICEF is supporting DOST in localizing and integrating child- and social-sector sensitive data into the GeoRiskPH Platform</p>	<p>3.1.33</p> <p>3.1.28</p> <p>3.1.30</p>	

JRG Feedback	GPH Agency	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
NAP, NDC, Loss and Damage Fund, Just Transition, Climate Finance	DENR	<p>UN Women through the EmPower Programme: Women for Climate Resilient Societies, jointly implemented with the UN Environment Programme, provides support to various government agencies such as DENR and CCC, in integrating gender-responsiveness in the NAP and NDCIP, among the other normative work.</p> <p>UN Women through the CCC and PCW is also working on sectoral approach for women and girls in the Just Energy Transition. Lastly, EmPower Programme is working to increase access to climate finance and establishment of women-led climate resilient livelihoods with low carbon technology and renewable energy.</p> <p>UNOPS Southeast Asia Energy Transition Partnership (ETP) TA: Just Coal Transition Platform convening stakeholders affected by the coal phaseout/phasedown and Legal Assessment on Carbon Pricing to evaluate Philippine policy landscape and institutional frameworks</p> <p>ILO is supporting the engagement of the ILO tripartite constituents (i.e. workers' and employers' organizations and DOLE) including other multi-sectoral stakeholders under the National Green Jobs HRD Plan updating with DOLE. ILO works with DOLE as one of the four agencies that are providing key inputs and sector engagement processes indicated in the Just Transition Framework roadmap. ILO coordinates with social partners (workers and employers' organizations) that have initiatives on Just Transition to ensure alignment with the current Just Transition Framework development process.</p> <p>FAO supports the implementation of the NAP and NDC-IP and is exploring support to access L&amp;D Fund through the following projects:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. DA on Strengthening capacity of policy makers to mobilize investment for resilient and low emission agrifood systems in Asia under Article 6 of the UNFCCC Paris Agreement.</li> <li>2. DA and DOST-PAGASA on Adapting Philippine Agriculture to Climate Change (APA)</li> <li>3. Rural livelihoods protection through anticipatory action along the eastern seaboard</li> <li>4. Supporting early response and agricultural livelihood recovery of smallholders affected by Tropical Cyclone Trami in Camarines Sur</li> </ol>	<p>3.1.28</p> <p>3.1.29</p> <p>3.1.30</p> <p>3.1.31</p> <p>3.2.10</p> <p>3.1.18</p> <p>1.4.19</p> <p>1.4.20</p> <p>3.3.06</p> <p>3.1.33</p> <p>3.1.25</p>	

JRG Feedback	GPH Agency	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
		<p>5. Enhancing biodiversity, maintaining ecosystem flows, enhancing carbon stocks through sustainable land management and the restoration of degraded forestlands with DENR-FMB</p> <p>6. Loss and damage from climate change - agriculture sector readiness (to start implementation this year) with DA</p> <p>UNDP supports these priority actions through the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Strengthening the PSF, together with DOF, to enable more LGUs to access funds for local adaptation</li> <li>• With DOF, formulating the Climate Finance Strategy (target to complete by April) and strengthening capacities and institutional setting up of DOF's Climate Finance Policy Group (CFPG)</li> <li>• Support to SHIELD provinces to develop bankable proposals on resilience</li> <li>• Support to DENR in developing action plan in accessing Loss and Damage Fund; and creating coordination mechanism for Loss and Damage Fund</li> <li>• Conducted policy gap analysis, assessments and consultations and developed draft Department Administrative Order, Executive Order and Roadmap for Voluntary Forest Carbon Market in the Philippines</li> </ul> <p>UNICEF is supporting DENR in the development of criteria for Green/ Climate-Smart Social Services.</p> <p>UNICEF is supporting DENR in the Development of Strategic Framework for Children and Youth Participation in Climate Action and Disaster Resilience, Integration of children and youth dimension on of the Investment Portfolio for Risk Resilience (4 major urban centers), and Modeling of Social Behavioral Change Strategy Plan for Children and Youth and Climate Action.</p>		
All OGs strategic dialogue on climate action	DENR	For discussion and action by OG3. DENR and CCC are creating coordination groups on specific thematic areas around climate action which the UN can support.	n/a	

JRG Feedback	GPH Agency	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
Streamline procedures and align processes between government and international partners	DENR	UN Women and DENR is exploring key synergies between the EmPower Programme and the Transform to ensure complementation in targeting and in the implementation of various initiatives in the priority areas identified under the Transform Project of DENR.	3.1.30	



## NEDA Comments and Recommendations on CF JWP

Output	Comments and Recommendations	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
n/a	NEDA recommends integrating activities to support the development of <b>blue economy agenda</b> . Concrete action could include: policy support for the <u>proposed Blue Economy Act</u> , which aims to establish a <u>Blue Economy Council</u> and develop a <u>national blue economy framework</u> . Opportunities to support the GoP in crafting the framework and building capacity of government offices involved.	<p>FAO no longer uses the term “Blue Economy” in its global policy document guidance due to its varying definitions across countries but it adjusts its interventions at country level to each member state's needs for its own Blue Economy. At the global level, the organization prioritizes this sector under the framework of “Blue Transformation”, which is the transformation of aquatic food systems, in line with each country's Blue Economy policy framework. In the Philippines, FAO already actively supports the National Blue Economy agenda through various initiatives, including the National Plan of Action for Small-Scale Fisheries, the modernization of Philippine aquaculture, fisheries and aquaculture support in BARMM, and capacity-building efforts to develop the seaweed value chain in Tawi-Tawi.</p> <p>Subject to resource availability, FAO looks forward to further supporting the government in shaping this critical policy framework.</p> <p>UNDP assistance includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ongoing support to DENR to develop policies on BBNJ (Biodiversity Beyond National Jurisdiction)</li> <li>• Participating in development of Blue Carbon Action Plan (BCAP)</li> <li>• Blue economy integration in the development of conservation plans for Megafauna in Davao</li> </ul>	<p>Support to Outcome 3.2 provided through Outcome 2:</p> <p>2.1.18</p> <p>2.1.03</p> <p>2.2.11</p> <p>2.2.12</p> <p>2.4.10</p> <p>3.3.16</p>	
n/a	Advancing blue economy strategies under the PDP, such as:	FAO primarily focuses its assistance on livelihood aspects so far. However, the organization		

Output	Comments and Recommendations	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Full implementation of plans for Fisheries Management Areas and establishment of reference points and harvest control rules and measures for priority fish species;</li> <li>• Promotion of viable livelihood options for coastal communities and increasing investments in hatcheries, mariculture parks, and feed mills;</li> <li>• Establishment of electronic catch documentation and traceability for sustainable fisheries;</li> <li>• Pursue enabling policies to promote and expand natural resource-based industries and enterprises; and</li> <li>• Increase national expenditure in R&amp;D and investments on blue economy.</li> </ul>	possesses internal technical expertise across all the components of the Blue Economy outlined in the Philippine Development Plan (PDP) and remains willing to provide any assistance needed along these lines.		
n/a	NEDA suggest supporting the GoP in pilot-testing and scaling up carrying capacity assessments across the country. This will enable planners and decision-makers to identify population thresholds and determine sustainable levels of economic activities and physical development an area can support. The JWP can assist in <u>piloting and expanding the use of Urban Carrying Capacity Assessment Manual</u> across the country.	<p>The UN can consider incorporating into the JWP the piloting and expanding the use of Urban Carrying Capacity Assessment Manual across the country. Support can also be considered in project development of nature-based solutions under the TRANSCEND Program covering 3 landscapes each in Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao.</p> <p>UNDP will undertake urban carrying capacity assessments in cities participating in Green and Resilient Cities (Baguio, Caloocan, Quezon, Cebu, Davao and Cotabato).</p>	n/a	
n/a	NEDA recommends identifying measures to address the country's escalating solid waste management problem. Take into account the capacity of institutions to address marine litter, waste management services, remediation efforts, maritime services, and the natural movement of people.	<p>UNDP will support these through a number of initiatives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Through the UNDP - EU GEPP Green LGUs Programme to support 20 cities to advance circularity and address their wastes problem</li> <li>• National Plastics Action Partnership (NPAP) - led by DENR, a platform for engaging private sector, government, civil society and</li> </ul>	3.2.07 3.1.26	

Output	Comments and Recommendations	Actions Taken	Sub-output (SOU)	Status
		<p>development partners to align their vision to address plastic pollution in the country; will develop Baseline Assessment, Plastics Action Roadmap, Financing Plan and Mainstreaming of GESI principles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Studies on: (i) plastics and tourism industry and (ii) plastics and biodiversity to support strengthening of policies and actions</li> </ul> <p>UNICEF is supporting DENR-EMB on Generating evidence on measuring GHG emissions using LGU Solid Waste Management Self-Compliance Monitoring and Auditing Report, and measures taken to reduce emissions in the solid waste sector. This is being initiated and take off in 2025, but the results and analysis may be undertaken in 2026.</p> <p>UNICEF and DENR plan to conduct a Study on Wastewater Treatment for Informal Settlements Towards Finding Viable Climate and Disaster Resilient Sanitation Solutions.</p>		
n/a	NEDA proposes to use the term “prosilience” instead of “resilience” to upgrade the statement and make it more proactive.	UN recommends retaining the established terminology but notes the comment on the more proactive narrative.	n/a	

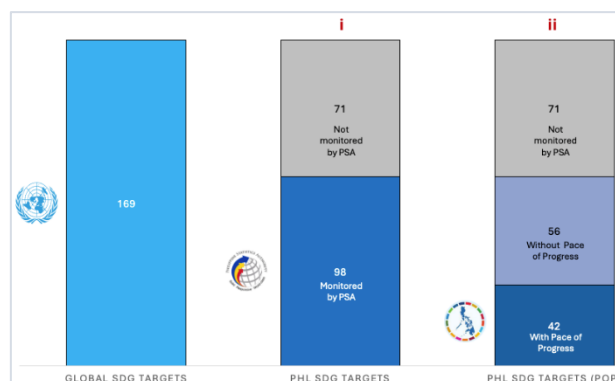
## 7.4 Mapping JWP 2024-2028 support to Philippines SDG Targets

**STEP 1:** Each JWP sub-output contributes to the achievement of one or more unique SDG target. All sub-outputs are linked to SDG targets in UN-INFO.

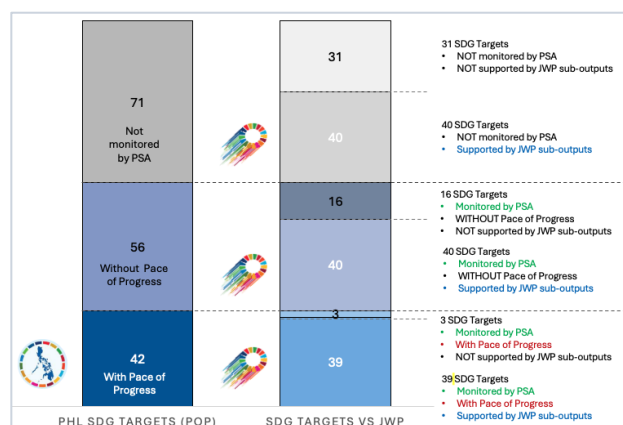
- The 235 active sub-outputs as of March 2025 are contributing to a total of 119 unique SDG targets.

**STEP 2:** Identify if the 119 unique SDG targets are: (1) monitored or not by the PSA; and (2) included or not in the PSA's Pace of Progress.

- Out of 169 global SDG targets, 98 targets are monitored by PSA (per PSA Board Resolution No. 2 and 10, Series of 2023). The remaining 71 SDG targets are not monitored by PSA. [i]
- Of the 98 targets monitored by the PSA, only 42 are included in the Philippines Pace of Progress Report. [ii]



- Group 119 SDG targets supported by JWP sub-outputs according to the following:
  - (A) Monitored by PSA and included in Pace of Progress;
  - (B) Monitored by PSA but not included in Pace of Progress; and
  - (C) Not monitored by PSA.
- The 119 SDG targets are mapped out as follows: 39 out of 42 in group (A); 40 out of 56 in group (B); and 40 out of 71 in group (C).



**STEP 4:** Categorize 119 SDG targets supported by JWP sub-outputs as On-track, Needs Acceleration, or Regressing.

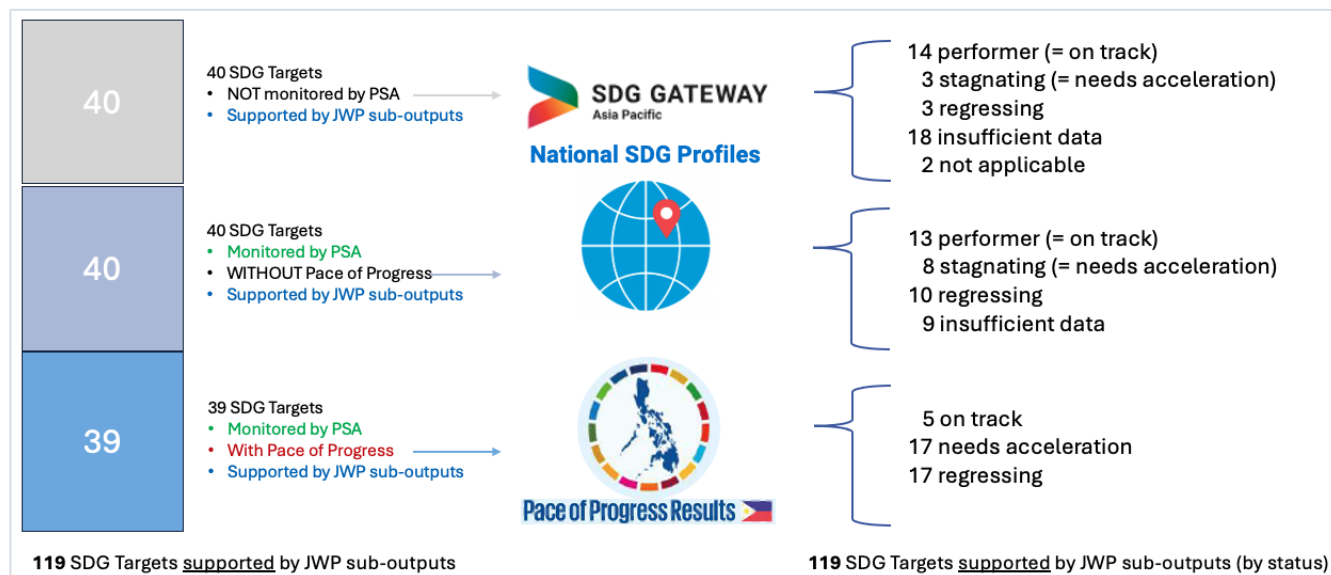
- For the 39 monitored by PSA and included in Pace of Progress Report, apply existing categorization.
- For the 40 monitored by PSA but not included in Pace of Progress Report, and the 40 not monitored by PSA, determine proxies for three categories using similar categorization in National SDG profiles in the SDG Gateway managed by UN ESCAP.

### Categories: PSA Pace of Progress

On-track  
Needs acceleration  
Regressing

### Proxies: UN ESCAP SDG Profile

Performer  
Stagnating  
Regressing  
Insufficient data



**STEP 5: Categorize all 119 SDG targets supported by JWP as On-track, Needs Acceleration, or Regressing**

- Combine SDG targets for the three categories to get number of SDG targets per category
- Calculate equivalent value of resources available for 2024-2028 per category

