

# Coronavirus disease (COVID-19)

## Situation Report 28 Philippines 6 May 2020

Data reported by the Department of Health on 6 May 2020

### Highlights

- **Out of the total 10,004 confirmed cases reported in the Philippines until today, 54% are male, with the most affected age group 30-39 years (21.2%) followed by 50-59 (16.6%)**
- **66.3% of cases reported from National Capital Region (NCR), followed by CALABARZON (12.7%), Central Visayas (11.2%) and Central Luzon (3.9%). 99% of all cases reported in Central Visayas originate from Cebu province.**
- **Out of the 658 confirmed deaths, 65% are male, with the most affected age group over 70 years (36.3%) followed by 60-69 years (32.7%)**
- **70.6% of deaths reported from NCR, followed by CALABARZON (12.6%) and Central Luzon (4.2%)**
- **According to the Department of Health (DOH) among all confirmed cases, 86% are mild**
- **Total cumulative number of 1,859 health care workers tested positive for COVID-19, with 40 new cases reported since yesterday. Investigation is ongoing in clusters of confirmed health care workers in different health facilities**
- **Currently 23 laboratories testing over 7,000 COVID-19 samples per days: the latest laboratory added is the Cebu TB Reference Laboratory**
- **91% of 1,817 hospitals currently reporting to DOH DataCollectApp providing real time information on bed occupancy rate, ventilator, ICU bed, and human resource availability. Up to 96% of hospitals report on PPE availability**
- **Over 5,500 hospital workers and community health workers trained on Infection Prevention and Control (IPC) through online trainings throughout the country**

### PHILIPPINES SITUATION IN NUMBERS



### Beat COVID-19 Today

A COVID-19 Philippine Situationer

Issue 09 | May 06, 2020

#### Highlights and Recent Updates on COVID-19

- DOH recorded 7,639 active cases as of May 05, with the majority of the patients exhibiting **mild symptoms** (6,601, 86%).
- As COVID-19 pandemic continues to affect communities throughout the world, DOH stresses that **global solidarity across countries and continents is needed to beat COVID-19**.
- **Forty-one (41) provinces** across the country recorded **no new COVID-19 cases** in the past two weeks.
- **The doubling time of cases slows down to an average of 5 days (from the previous average of 3 days).** While this is good news, DOH reiterated that it is still too early to tell that the country has reached the peak of its cases. DOH emphasizes on the importance of having a renewed consciousness in health practices amidst the COVID-19 pandemic and even long after it is over.
- DOH has partnered with CloudPx by Xynaps Inc. and SeeYou Doc for provision of telemedicine services where the **public can have free medical consultations over the phone, SMS, and other audio and visual conferencing platforms.**
- Cebu, Mandaue, and Lapu-Lapu started using Rapid Antibody-based Diagnostic Tests (RADTs). While RADTs can provide a good perspective of the number of cases, DOH cautions the public that these test kits measure the antibodies that fight the virus. **RT-PCR test kits remain the current gold standard of DOH for COVID-19 diagnosis.**
- As of May 05, with the combined testing capacity of the 23 licensed RT-PCR laboratories across the country, a total of 140,134 tests were done with 126,713 unique individuals tested. **113,411 or 90% tested negative for COVID-19** while 12,976 yielded positive results. DOH clarifies that the actual number of tested individuals may be higher than the reported data as it still undergoes case verification and validation process by the DOH.

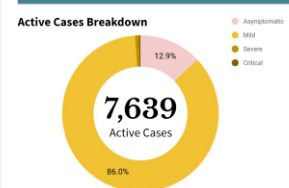
#### Case Summary

As of May 05, 2020

9,684 Total Cases | 9,485 Previous day | 199 Additional Cases

1,408 Recoveries | 637 Deaths | 14 Additional Deaths

7,639 Active Cases (net of recoveries and deaths)



954 Asymptomatic	656 Pending Admission Status	173 Admitted	125 Home Isolation
6,601 Mild	5,147 Pending Admission Status	1,327 Admitted	127 Home Isolation
59 Severe			26 Critical

Probable Cases	Suspect Cases
As of May 05, 2020	
3,748 Total Cases	15,320 Total Cases
SEVERE: Pneumonia, Difficulty of Breathing CRITICAL: Intubated	PROBABLE: Previously termed as PUIs (mild or critical) with inconclusive or unofficial test results. SUSPECT CASES: Previously termed as PUIs (mild or critical) with no test done or awaiting test results.

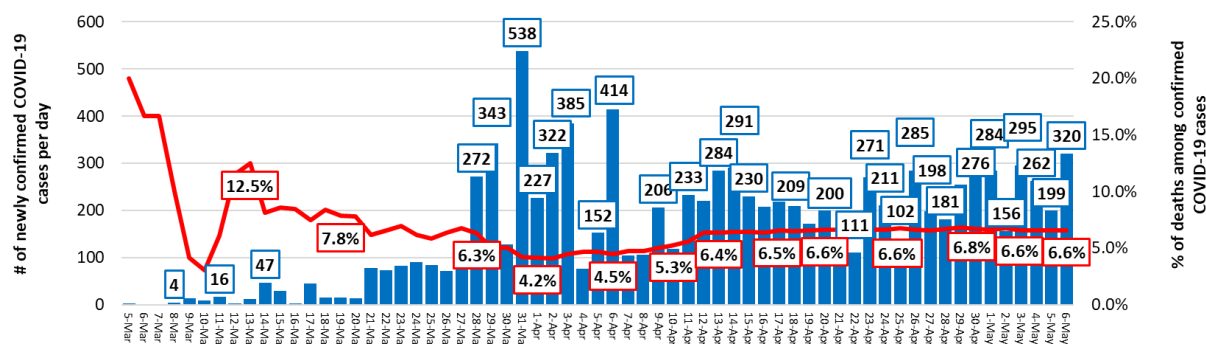
<https://covid19.healthphilippines.ph/>  
<https://www.doh.gov.ph/covid19tracker>  
<http://www.covid19.gov.ph/>  
<https://www.lguvsocovid.ph/>

## Current Situation

As of 6 May, a total of 10,004 confirmed COVID-19 cases including 658 deaths have been reported in the Philippines.

### Daily reported confirmed COVID-19 cases in the Philippines

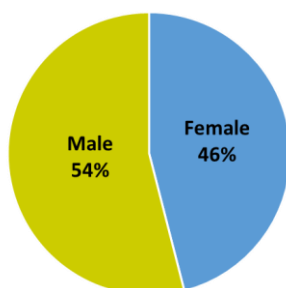
5 March-6 May 2020 (N=10,004)



Among the 10,004 confirmed cases, 5,402 are male (54%) and 4,602 are female (46%). The most affected age groups are 30-39 years (21.2%) followed by 50-59 (16.6%).

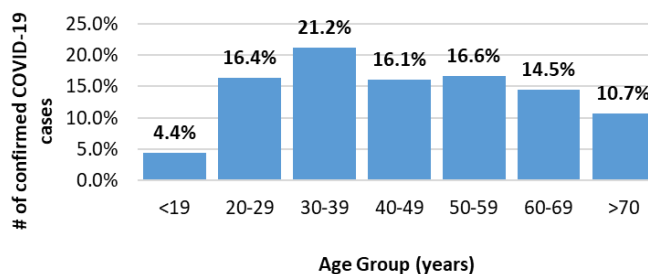
### Gender distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases in the Philippines in %

18 January-6 May 2020 (N=10,004)



### Age distribution of confirmed COVID-19 cases in the Philippines in %

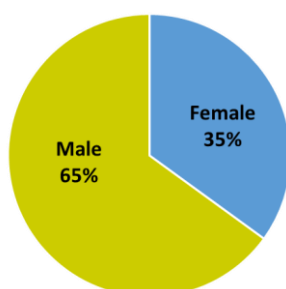
18 January-6 May 2020 (N=10,004)



Out of total 658 confirmed deaths, 65% are male, with most affected age group over 70 years of age (36.3%), followed by 60-69 years (32.7%).

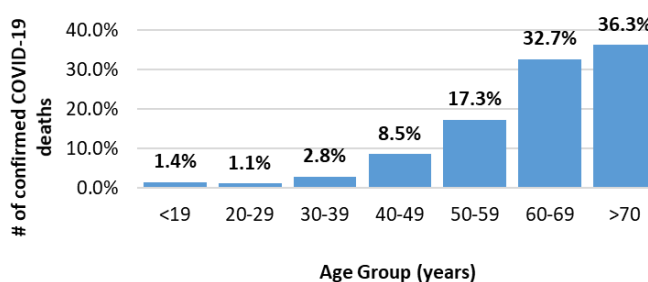
### Gender distribution of confirmed COVID-19 deaths in the Philippines in %

18 January-6 May 2020 (N=658)

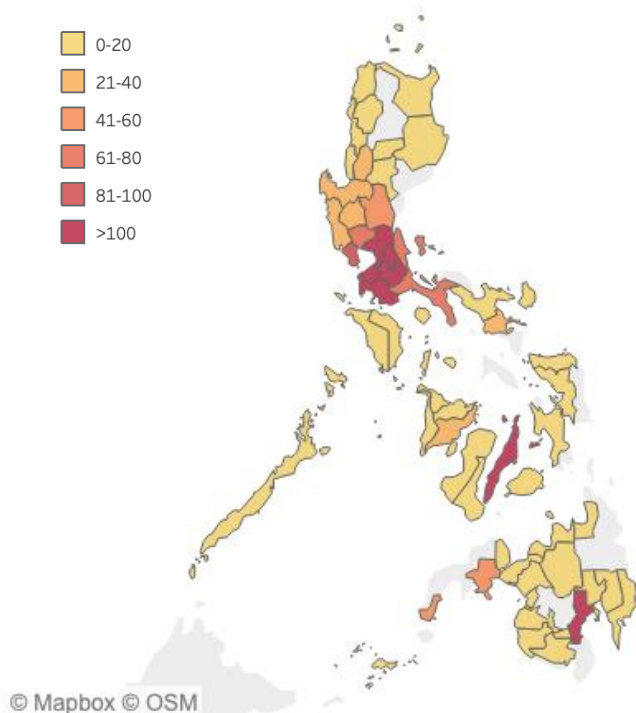


### Age distribution of confirmed COVID-19 deaths in the Philippines in %

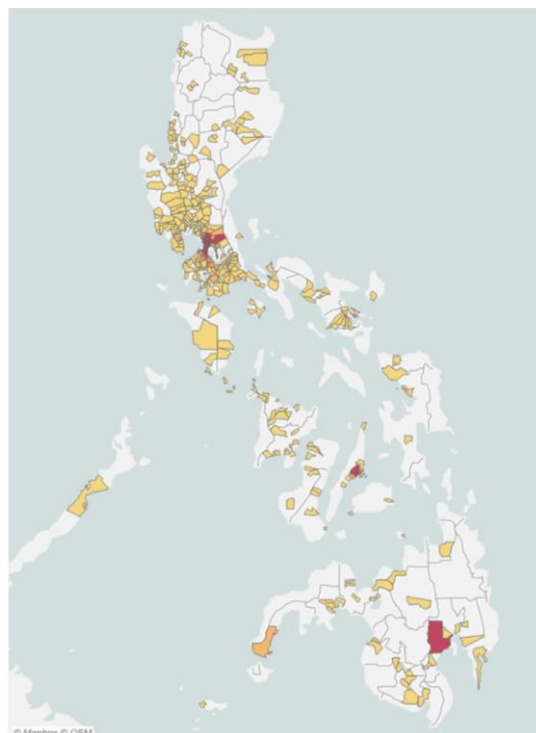
18 January-6 May 2020 (N=658)



**Map of confirmed COVID-19 cases by province**  
18 January-6 May 2020 (N=10,004)



**Map of confirmed COVID-19 cases by province**  
18 January-6 May 2020 (N=10,004)



## Country readiness and response operations

### Country-level coordination

The Philippine government is preparing for large group of Overseas Filipino Workers (OFWs) to be repatriated back to the Philippines. The DOH-issued **Omnibus Guidelines for the Quarantine and Testing Procedures for All Arriving Overseas Filipinos and Foreign Nationals during the COVID-19 Pandemic** determine that all repatriates should be quarantined for 14 days in a government-provided facility.

All DOH COVID-19 issuances are available at [https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1KhTRIZ\\_MnIR\\_hjGWIQCHwj4CZFXXFaj?usp=sharing](https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1KhTRIZ_MnIR_hjGWIQCHwj4CZFXXFaj?usp=sharing)

For easy reference, an overview of all DOH issuances: <https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1sHpwOczD4TigAcNrofYruo-hK7uMedTD5NPmIJh5H5Y/>

The latest DOH situationers are available here:

- [bit.ly/COVIDPHSituationer008](https://bit.ly/COVIDPHSituationer008) 5 May 2020
- [bit.ly/COVIDPHSituationer009](https://bit.ly/COVIDPHSituationer009) 6 May 2020

### Risk communication

The Community of Practice on Community Engagement (CoPCE) group conducted rapid information, communication and accountability assessment (RICAA) for other regions besides NCR, finding a low awareness on how to access hotlines and quarantine facilities as well as of personal risk of becoming infected or infecting someone else with COVID-19. Results are available here [bit.ly/COVIDRICAA2\\_PHL](https://bit.ly/COVIDRICAA2_PHL)

DOH and WHO experts conducted a Facebook Live Session on the New Normal attended by over 365,000 people. The full session can be watched here: <https://www.facebook.com/whophilippines/videos/931880580589479/>





## Surveillance

ICRC handed over a 210 bed medical isolation facility at the Correctional Institution for Woman of Bureau of Corrections (BuCOR) in Mandaluyong on 5 May: the fourth center set up with support from ICRC after the 48-bed in NCR and the 40-bed isolation centre in Region 3 for the Bureau of Jail Management and Penology (BJMP), and the 150-bed isolation centre for the New Bilibid Prison (NBP) in Muntinlupa City for BuCOR.

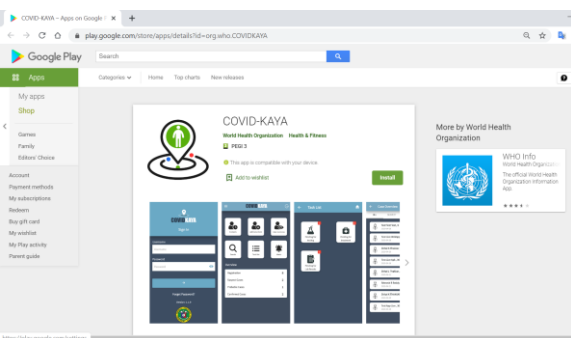
Additional medical isolation centers are being established in Region 7 (280 beds) and Region 4a (80 beds) jointly with BJMP. The NCR facility will be expanded to 200 beds

ICRC is assisting BJMP and BuCOR in the initial wave of cases while a sustained and committed augmentation of health resources by the government within places of detention is required. This includes the provision of additional medical and non-medical staff as well as mass testing protect staff working in over 500 places of detention (BuCOR, BJMP, and provincial jails) as well as for over 200,000 detainees in the Philippines.

ICRC accompanied DOH and WHO to different prisons to support joint investigation and contact tracing activities. Additional clusters of cases are being investigated in Cebu and Zamboanga prisons.



Handover of 210 bed isolation ward in the Correctional Institution for Woman in Mandaluyong, the 4<sup>th</sup> such centre set up with support from ICRC



With support from WHO, DOH has launched its official contact tracing mobile application: COVID-KAYA. The app will be used by the DOH Epidemiology Bureau and its Epidemiological Surveillance Units at Regional, Province, City and Municipality level, as well as by the Research Institute for Tropical Medicine (RITM), to speed up the collection, processing, validation and cleaning of data on suspect, probable and confirmed cases as well as contacts.

The app can be downloaded at <https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=org.who.COVIDKAYA>

## National laboratory system

The list of laboratories certified to conduct COVID-19 testing by DOH expanded to 23. The latest laboratory added is the Cebu TB Reference Laboratory. The total daily testing capacity is estimated at over 7,000 per day.

DOH and WHO emphasize that PCR-based testing continues to be the gold standard for COVID-19.

WHO is continuing to support the RITM and DOH with procurement of essential laboratory supplies.

## Infection prevention and control

A total of 1,859 health care workers have so far tested positive for COVID-19, with 40 new cases reported since yesterday. A joint visit between WHO and DOH was conducted at the Gat Andres Bonifacio Memorial Medical Centre, which had reported 8 confirmed cases among its health care workers. Further investigation is ongoing.



PRC set up swab collection points, minimising the risk of infection among health care workers collecting the swabs



IPC trainings which have covered so far over 5,500 health workers, are aimed at reducing the risk of infection among health care workers, and a monitoring tool is developed to measure the impact of the ongoing trainings for hospitals workers, as well as for community health workers.

UNICEF continues to conduct online training sessions on IPC for community health workers. Anyone can sign up for free at <https://forms.gle/WAVzGvMFC4geofdU9>.

The USAID-funded Medicines, Technologies, and Pharmaceutical Services (MTaPS) program continue to conduct online training sessions for hospitals workers on the below modules:

- Module 1: IPC for Frontline Healthcare Workers in Facility (every Monday and Wednesday)
- Module 2: Healthcare Waste Management (every Tuesday and Thursday)
- Module 3: Emergency Supply Chain Management Preparedness and Response Training (every Wednesday and Friday)

Anyone can sign up for free at [landing page for the virtual training](#)

Americares distributed 18,300 N95 masks to 20 health facilities in NCR (RITM, Philippine Children's Medical Centre, Philippine Air Force General Hospital, Amang Rodriguez Memorial Medical Centre, and the Makati Medical Centre), Cebu (Talisay District Hospital, Cebu City Medical Centre, St. Anthony Mother and Child Hospital, Eversley Child's Sanitarium, General Hospital, Bantayan District Hospital in Bantayan Island, Ricardo Maningo Memorial Hospital in Camotes Island, Poro RHU in Camotes Island, San Francisco RHU in Camotes Island), and Leyte (Tolosa RHU, Leyte Provincial Health Office, Leyte Provincial Hospital, Eastern Visayas Regional Medical Centre, St. Camillus Hospital, Calbayog City) and the Isabela Provincial Health Office, and the Laguna Provincial Disaster Risk Reduction Management Office (PDRRMO).

### Case management and continuity of essential services

DOH issued the Administrative Order 2020-0123 on the [Guidelines on Management of Surge Capacity Through Conversion of Public Spaces as Temporary Facilities for COVID-19](#).

WFP provided assistance to the Province of Laguna with one Mobile Storage Unit and one shower/toilet unit for the setting up of a temporary hospital.

UNICEF supported the provincial health office of Lanao del Sur with a triage and isolation tent to serve as Community Quarantine Facility.

The latest Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) report issued by IOM shows that among the over 20,000 earthquake-affected population still in evacuation centres in Mindanao, there are so far no confirmed COVID-19 cases. An alarming number of site managers among the 46 evacuation centres report that many internally displaced people may not report symptoms for fear of isolation. Difficulties with physical distancing due to a lack of space, additional stress due to food insecurity and income loss are also reported, as well as insufficient medical supplies and drastic reductions in livelihoods.



Americares distributing PPE to the Talisay District Hospital in Cebu ↑ and to the Laguna Provincial DRRMO ↓



UNICEF provided a triage and isolation tent serving as Community Quarantine Facility in Lanao del Sur ↓

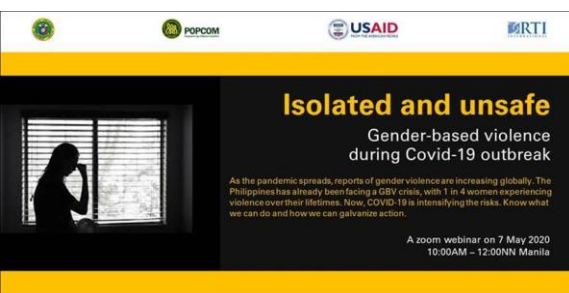




WHO emphasizes the key impacts of COVID-19 on the immunization program in the Philippines:

- Postponed multiple rounds of polio campaigns, initially scheduled from March through May 2020
- Suppressed routine immunization services with paused outreach services and only 20-50% of children visiting health centres for vaccination
- Compromised surveillance for polio and measles, due to repurposing of surveillance staff for COVID-19 response and imposed travel restrictions
- Delayed preparation for nationwide measles-rubella vaccination campaign.

The AmeriCares MHPSS team in Cebu provided Psychological First Aid to 25 frontline health workers including doctors, nurses, midwives, medical technologist and barangay health workers from 6 rural health units, one hospital and PHO.



DOH together with the Commission on Population and Development (POPCOM) with support from USAID are conducting a Webinar on Gender-based Violence during COVID-19 outbreak 7 May at 10 am.

Anyone interested can join:

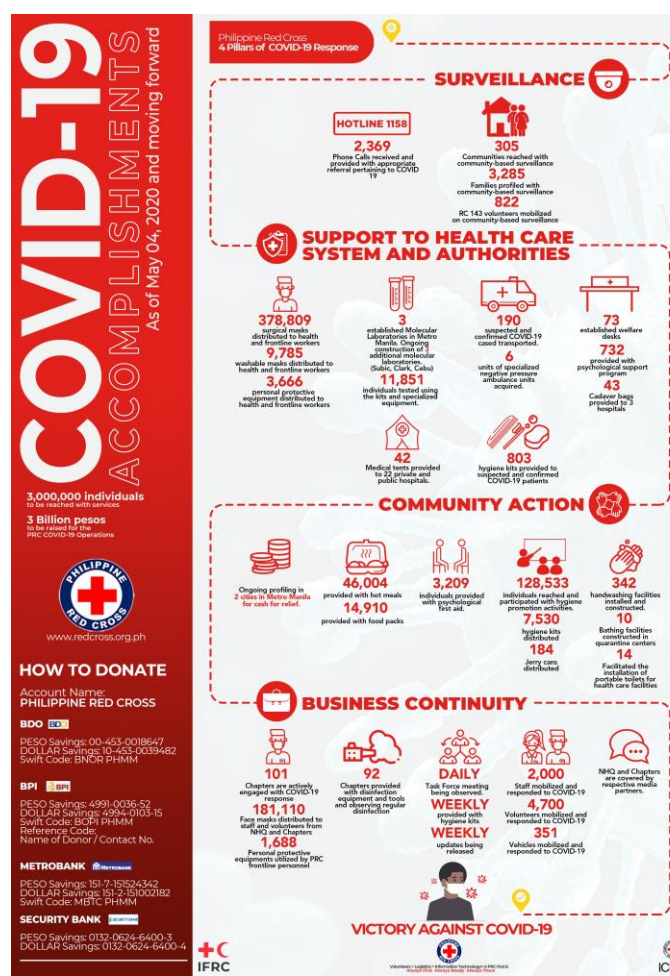
[https://panagoragroup.zoom.us/j/95151645082?](https://panagoragroup.zoom.us/j/95151645082?pwd=aDVQXQISTldLbEJjTFFnaEROMEITQT09)

[pwd=aDVQXQISTldLbEJjTFFnaEROMEITQT09](https://panagoragroup.zoom.us/j/95151645082?pwd=aDVQXQISTldLbEJjTFFnaEROMEITQT09)

with password: 798231.

The Philippine Academic Society for Climate and Disaster Resilience (PASCAR) in partnership with Start Network is conducting an online forum series starting on 12 May 2020, with special focus on Social Protection and Humanitarian Action.

Registration is open at: [bit.ly/from-risk-to-resilience](https://bit.ly/from-risk-to-resilience) or stream through Facebook live at [bit.ly/StartNetworkFB](https://bit.ly/StartNetworkFB)

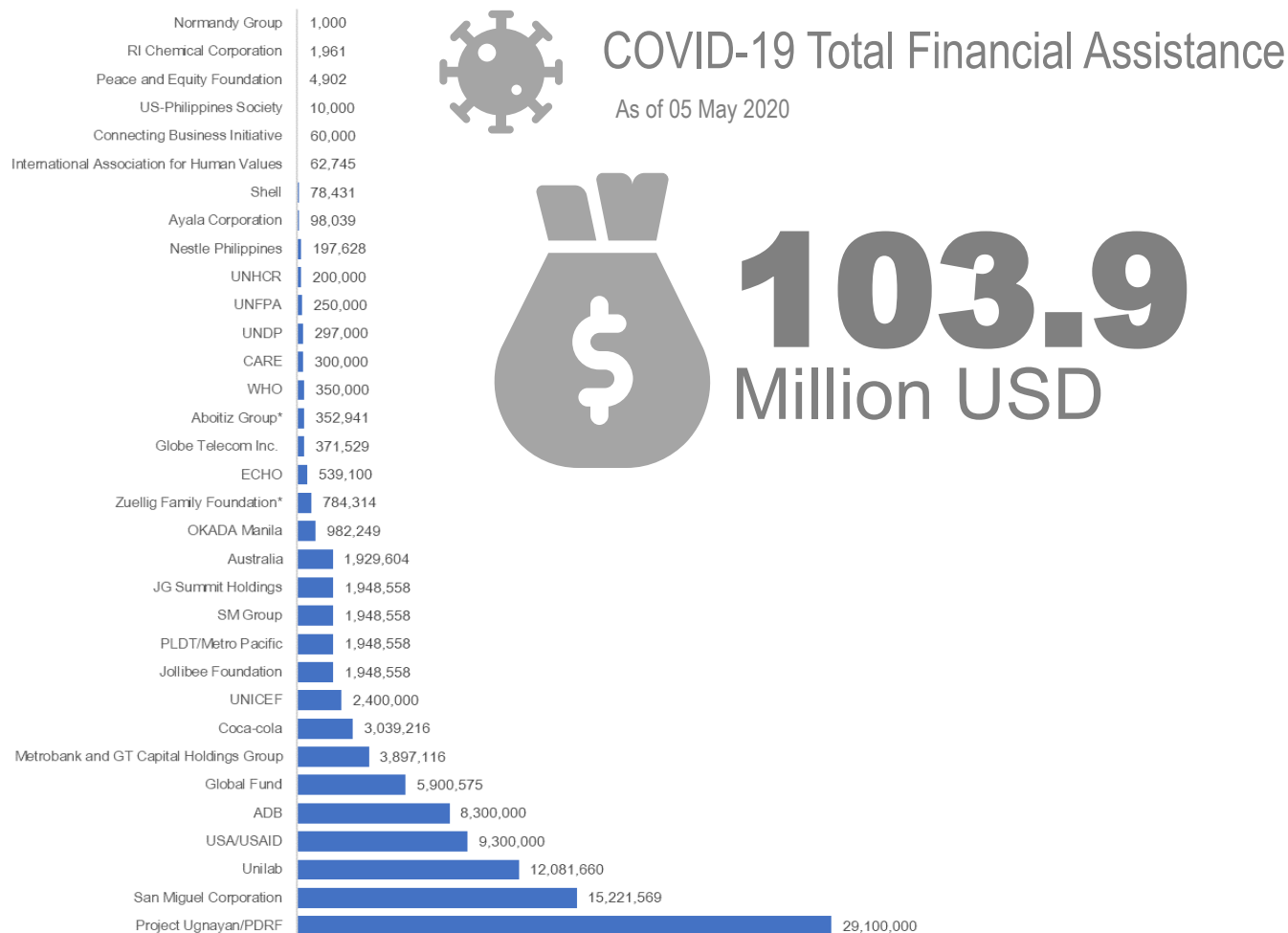


The Philippine Red Cross continues to mobilise its many volunteers for a plethora of activities throughout the country, with a strong focus on distribution of PPE, tents for isolation and treatment of suspect and confirmed cases, hygiene kits, community surveillance, community WASH, mental health and psychosocial support, laboratory testing

## Resource mobilization

### Grant

Overall donations received to date (data compiled by OCHA):

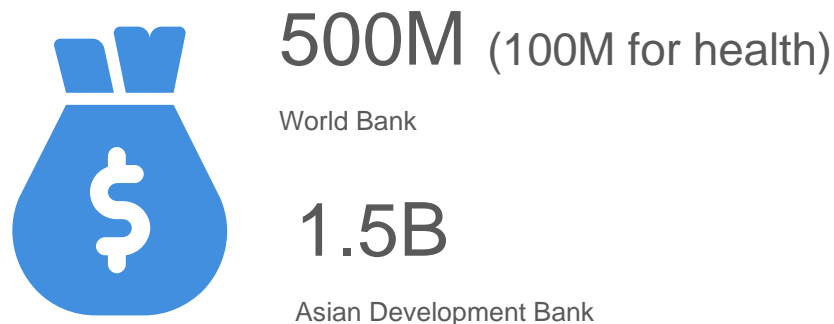


Please see for details of all items distributed so far by DOH: <https://bit.ly/DOHCommDistribution>.

As of 6 May, WHO received more than US\$ 451.4 million and an additional US\$ 280.2 million in pledges to its global appeal. This includes €114 million from the European Union to support 80 priority countries with weakened health care systems and capacity including the Philippines.

The French government through its Development Agency AFD donated €2 million to fight COVID-19 in Southeast Asia.

### Loan



**Logistics, procurement, and supply management**

Who	What	Delivered	Expected
ADB	Laboratory facility for 45,000 tests	1	
Americares	N95 masks	22,320	34,600
	Surgical masks	4,000	
Chinese government	COVID-19 test kits	100,000	
	PPE (full set minus goggles)	10,000	
	N95 masks	10,000	
	Surgical masks	100,000	
IAHV	N95/KN95 Masks	34,922	
IMC	PPE (full set)	200	
	Surgical gowns	4,765	
	Examination gloves	33,869	
	Surgical masks	206,000	
	Goggles	30	
	Cot beds	10	
	Electric fans	20	
Japan government	PPE	12,000	
PRC	Medical tents for isolation and treatment	30	
	Face masks	36,000	
	PPE (full set)	2,000	
	Medical supplies, masks, alcohol, food	6 Manila hospitals	
UNDP	Ventilators		15
UNFPA	Face masks	110,000	
	Handheld thermometers	1,130	
	PPE (full set)	254,839	131,516
	Medical Triage Tents and equipment sets	4	2
	Hygiene kits for women	750	350
	Clean delivery packs		500
	Women Friendly Space Tents	1	2
	Women and Child Protection Unit equipment	1	
UNICEF	Tents for triage and isolation purposes 42 m <sup>2</sup>	44	
	Coverall, protection, CatIII, type 4b		72,380
	Faceshield, fog-resistant, fullface, disp		33,000
	Mask, high-fil, FFP2/N95, no valve, nonster		48,000
	Mask, surgic, typellR, ear loop, disp.		409,200
	Gloves, w/opowder, nitr		100,000
	Gloves, heavy-duty, rubber/nitrile		1,000
	Goggles, protective, indirect-side-venti		500
	Apron, protection, plastic, reusable		500
	Boots, rubber/PVC, reusable, pair		500
	Sprayer, compression type, 7.4 litres		160
	Sanitation and cleaning kit		500
US government	Cots	1,300	
WFP	Mobile Storage Unit	3	
	50 kVA generator	2	
	Shower/toilet unit	1	
WHO (with USAID funding)	<b>Laboratory sup- plies</b>	<i>E-gene EAV kits</i>	335
		<i>RdRP-gene kits</i>	99
		<i>N gene/E gene/RdRp gene vials</i>	12
		<i>Sanger sequencing reagents vials</i>	3
		<i>Universal Transport Media viral kit</i>	4,350
		<i>Flexible Mini Tip</i>	2,000
	<b>Extraction kits</b>	<i>QIAgen QIamp RNA Kit</i>	24
		<i>SuperScript III Platinum One-step qRT-PCR</i>	15
World Vision	Mobile Storage Unit 10 x 32m	4	
	Tents (child-friendly space) 7 x 6m	17	
	PPE (full set)	458	
	Disinfectant kits	30	